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THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LIX.—NO. 19. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1896. WHOLE NO. 9,010

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

Foit Almanac—October 14.

Sun Rises	6.06 A M
Sun Sets	5.34 P M
Day's Length	11 h 28 m
High Water at Southport	1.19 P M
High Water at Wilmington	3.03 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE. WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 14.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 64°; 8 p. m., 66°; maximum, 64°; minimum, 54°; mean, 59°.

Rainfall for the day, .03; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 3.90.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Oct. 13.—At 8 a. m., the stage of the water in the Cape Fear river was 2.7 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Showers fell over Georgia and the Carolinas during the past twenty-four hours; over the remaining sections fair weather prevailed generally. Mostly fair weather prevails this morning, with lower temperatures and light frost noted at Columbia, S. C., Toccoa, Ga., and Vicksburg, Miss.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Generally fair; slightly warmer; northerly winds.

OUTLINES.

At the Chicago conference of the National Executive Committee of the Populists, Senator Butler said no effort will be made to take Watson off the National ticket. —— Washington news—President Cleveland and his official advisors were in Cabinet session yesterday; the Treasury gold reserve declined to $123,730,793; the day's $276,900. —— Fusion in Indiana — Democratic and Populists unite on the electoral ticket. —— Presidential election — Chairman Jones, of the Democratic National Committee, characterizes the table of the probable electoral vote as a gigantic bluff. —— Bryan in Minnesota—He made thirteen speeches and travelled two hundred miles; enthusiastic reception at all points; he will speak to-day in Wisconsin and the northern part of Wisconsin. —— Desperadoes killed in a fight with a posse in the Indian Territory. —— Indignation meeting—People of St. Louis condemn Crawford, the merchant who discharged employes for supporting free silver. —— Ravages of the storm along the Atlantic coast; Cobb's Island, on the coast of Virginia, entirely submerged; hotels and other buildings demolished; terrible experience of coastwise steamers; anxiety and distress for vessels over due. —— New York markets: Money on call to-day was quoted at 5@6 per cent.; last loan at 5, closing offered at 5 per cent; cotton quiet—middling gulf 8¼c; middling 8c; Southern flour quiet and firmer—common to fair extra $2 60@3 45, good to choice $3 80@3 10; wheat, spot dull and firmer—No. 2 red 73¾c; corn, spot was active and firmer—No. 2 81½c at elevator and 82½c afloat; spirits turpentine firmer at 29½@30c; rosin firm — strained common to good $1 77½@1 80.

The "sound money" men had a "marine parade" in New York the other night. They're all at sea.

Senator Pritchard is helping the cause of McKinley, and beating Uncle Sam out of postage by lending his Senatorial franc to the National Republican Committee.

New Jersey has more railroad mileage than any other State in the Union. She also has more "Jersey lightning" per mile, and it isn't a very mild kind of lightning, either.

Hanna called on McKinley a few days ago at Canton, and gave him some more "encouragement." He needs it. But perhaps he went to see how Mc. was standing the "pilgrim" racket.

Anna Held, a New York singer, gave the female theater-goers an object lesson on the big hat business a few nights ago, when she held a big hat before her so they couldn't see her.

The world's output of coal has increased from 364,737,405 tons in 1880 to 628,805,239 tons in 1895, nearly double. The increase in the United States has been from 71,486,560 to 193,117,530 tons.

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* speaking of Bryan's campaign, says it is "telling on" him. And it is telling like whiz on McKinley, too. But, by the way, if the L. *C.-J.*, and other gold organs, paid one half the attention to the decoys that they do to Bryan they might convey the impression that they wanted somebody to vote for them.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

The New York *World* quotes John Sherman as saying that the "Sherman Anti-Monopoly law can be enforced," and rises to propound the inquiry, "Now what does McKinley say?" McKinley says nihil, and keeps on saying it in spite of the diurnal importunities of the *World*. If there is a greater farce than the *World's* efforts to get McKinley to condemn the trusts it was getting John Sherman to say that his anti-trust law could be enforced, when he hadn't the slightest idea that it would be enforced when he proposed it and when it was so framed as to practically make it inoperative. Sherman was simply playing the hypocrite in that as in many other things.

"When a man is dead," says evangelist Moody, "you can lay him out as you please, and he will stay just that way—regular and dead." But there are some men who never discover that they are dead. There are the decoys Palmer and Buckner, for instance. They have been "laid out," but they are still going around the country with their sideshow, as if they were alive.

The Philadelphia *Record* pertinently and truthfully remarks: "Major McKinley insists that what the country wants is a chance to work." True, and therein the country differs from the McKinleyites, who only want a chance to work the Government." But the *Record* is helping the McKinleyites in their efforts to work the Government, all the same.

The LaCrosse (Wis.) *Republican* says: "Senator Teller is on the stump for Bryan. His personal interests are in a Colorado silver mine." The first sentence is true, but the second is false, and, like the lie about Bryan having been in the pay of the silver mine owners, has been frequently exposed, and several times by Senator Teller himself.

The gold men are boasting of the increase of wealth in this country, and call attention to the increase from $32,500,000,000 in 1873 to to $70,000,000,000 in 1895 as an evidence of the fine results of the gold standard. Why, bless their souls, if it hadn't been for the demonetization of silver our national wealth would be $100,000,000,000 by this time.

It is said that Consul General Crittenden, of Mexico, has incurred the displeasure of the State Department because he wrote an article for the New York *Journal* showing how Mexico is prospering with silver money. Mr. Olney doesn't think he should impart such information as that without first passing it through his mill.

In a speech to some pilgrims at Canton a few days ago, McKinley told them something about raising revenue. He could get some good points from Hanna on that.

"Hanna is a man of few words," remarks the New York *Advertiser*. True. He furnishes the dollars while McKinley and others furnish the wind.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

S. W. SANDERS—Chickens.
CLYDE LINE—Sailing days.
HALL & PEARSALL—Apples.
MEETING—Democratic Club.
MILLS & MONTGOMERY—Notice.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. C. C. Morse, of Southport, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Geo. C. Southerland was in the city yesterday visiting relatives.

— Mr. Chas. L. Stevens, of Newbern, was among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Nick Shines, of Kenansville, who has been visiting friends in the city, returned home yesterday.

— Gen. Jno. Gill, Col. Tomkins, Judge Cross and Mr. W. A. Blackford, of Baltimore, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. William Eversole, advance agent for America's representative actor, Robert Downing, was in the city yesterday making arrangements for his appearance at the Opera House next Monday evening.

— Mr. James Jolley, one of the Registrars of Columbus county, called at the STAR office yesterday to renew his subscription. He gave an account of Democratic prospects in his county that was as surprising as it was gratifying.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— White men, do your duty next Saturday.

— Next Saturday, the 17th, is the last day for registration.

— The Clyde steamer *Pawnee* will sail for New York this morning.

— Unless you register you cannot vote. Next Saturday is your last chance.

— Seven new members were added to the Howard Relief Engine Company last night.

— The Norwegian barque *Kong Carl* cleared yesterday for Middleboro, England, with 4,770 barrels rosin, value $8,815.

— Maj. P. F. Duffy, as announced, will address the voters of Harnett township this afternoon at 3 o'clock, near Macumber's store.

— The opening of the Wilmington Light Infantry Armory will take place to-night. The public is invited, and is expected to be present.

— The meeting of the Bryan, Sewall and Watson Democratic Club to-night, at the court house, will be addressed by a well-known business man of the city.

— If you have registered, don't be satisfied with that. Use your influence with those white men who have not registered. Remember, next Saturday, the 17th, is the last day.

— Every Democrat who wishes to enjoy the privilege of voting against Daniel L. Russell must have his name on the registration books. Next Saturday, the 17th, is the last day of registration.

— Telegrams received here yesterday from New York city stated that there was some improvement in the condition of Mr. Sol. C. Weill, who was injured in an accident last Sunday, as told in the STAR.

— The schooner *Lelia Smith*, bound from Wilmington to Beverly, Mass., foundered at sea in the recent storm. The crew were rescued by the steamer *Gate City*, and landed yesterday at New York.

— There seems to be no doubt that many negroes have registered illegally in Wilmington. It is even said that there are some ex-convicts among them. But there will be a day of challenges, and when that day arrives the Democrats will be on hand.

— The Southern Bell Telephone Company is making new improvements in their system here. Yesterday a number of workmen were engaged, under Messrs. W. C. Hutt and W. T. McDonald, in putting up cables, with fifty-two wires in each, which are furnished by the Western Electric Switch Board Company.

TWO NEGROES QUARREL.

Both Arrested and One Sent to Jail—Unable to Give Bond to Keep the Peace.

Two colored men, King Johnson and W. T. Brown, had a difficulty yesterday afternoon at the foot of Princess street, in which some loud and boisterous language was used. Brown, who is a drayman, was engaged to haul a load of wood, and Johnson, a flat-boatman, who was about half drunk, swore that Brown shouldn't haul it, and started for Brown. Brown picked up an iron dray-pin to defend himself with and Johnson walked off swearing that he would lick Brown before he left town. Brown made complaint to Justice Bunting, who issued a warrant for the arrest of Johnson, charging the latter with disorderly conduct, and Johnson caused a warrant to be issued for Brown, charging assault and battery with a deadly weapon. Then Brown made application for the arrest of Johnson on a peace warrant.

In Justice Bunting's Court, later in the afternoon, Brown was adjudged not guilty and discharged. Judgment was suspended upon payment of the costs in the case of disorderly conduct against Johnson; but he was committed to jail in default of $50 bond to keep the peace for sixty days.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—938 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 6 bbls tar, 16 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—1,708 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 6 bbls rosin, 26 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—151 bales cotton, 89 casks spirits turpentine, 13 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Cotton, 2,789 bales; spirits turpentine, 51 casks; rosin, 27; tar, 33; crude turpentine, 16 bbls.

Steamer *D. Murchison.*

The Savannah *News* says it is rumored there that "the steamboat *D. Murchison*, of Wilmington, N. C., is to be brought to Savannah to take the place of the *Katie*, which sank and went to pieces recently. The *Murchison* has been running on the Cape Fear river for several years. Her owners are interested in Gibson's line on the Savannah river. It is said that the *Murchison* will be manned by the *Katie's* crew, with Captain Bevill in command."

CY. WATSON'S APPOINTMENTS.

Cyrus B. Watson, Democratic candidate for Governor, will address the people as follows:

Kinston, 14th, and continues as far as Gatesville on the 24th.

Seventh Annual Fair.

The Seventh Annual Fair of the Border Exposition of the Carolinas will be held at Maxton, N. C., Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Oct. 28, 29 and 30. Send for Premium List.

W. B. HARKER,
Secretary and Treasurer.

U. S. CRUISER RALEIGH

Arrived Yesterday at Southport—Presentation of the Testimonial to the Ship to be Made To-Day—Gov. Carr and Staff Will Attend—Citizens Generally and Ladies Especially Invited.

The United States cruiser *Raleigh* arrived yesterday at noon at Southport, and anchored in the stream abreast of the government wharf. The pilots of Southport, who were on the look-out for the cruiser, sighted her about five miles off the bar, and running their tug alongside put Capt. E. H. Atkins, one of the pilots, aboard, who brought the *Raleigh* into port. She crossed the bar at the mouth of the Cape Fear river about high water, drawing nineteen feet eight inches, and could have come in easily and without danger if drawing even twenty-three feet.

As soon as information of the arrival of the *Raleigh* at Southport was received in Wilmington, Mr. George L. Morton, in behalf of a number of citizens, sent by telegram to Southport a cordial invitation to Captain Miller, commanding the cruiser, for himself and officers to come up to the city, but the invitation was of necessity declined, it being impossible under the circumstances for the officers to leave the ship.

To day will be a gala occasion at Southport. The presentation to the cruiser *Raleigh* of the testimonial given by citizens of the State—a handsome silver punch bowl of ornate design—will be made on board the cruiser. Governor Carr and members of his staff will be there, and it is expected that many ladies and gentlemen from this city, Raleigh and other places in the State will be present.

Capt. Miller, of the *Raleigh*, wired to Wilmington last evening a cordial invitation to citizens generally to visit his ship; ladies especially being invited.

Gov. Carr and staff and the presentation committee will go down to Southport on the steamer *Wilmington*, which will leave to-day at 10 a. m. for the accommodation of those wishing to visit the *Raleigh* and witness the presentation.

CAPE FEAR AND YADKIN VALLEY.

Proceedings Before the Special Master Appointed by the U. S. Court to Take Testimony in the Matter of the Bondholders and Creditors of the Railway Company.

Eugene S. Martin, Esq., special master, appointed to take testimony in the matter of the bondholders and other creditors of the C. F. & Y. V. Railway, convened his court yesterday morning at the United States court room.

The following attorneys were present: Hon. J. C. Buxton, of Winston, and Hon. R. O. Burton, counsel for Mr. John W. Fries, of Salem, N. C., receiver of the North State Improvement Company,

Hon. George M. Rose, of Fayetteville, N. C., and Judge J. H. Hudson, of Bennettsville, S. C., counsel for General John H. Gill, receiver of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway,

Judge Cross and Colonel Tomkins, of Baltimore, counsel for receiver Gill, and Mr. W. H. Blackford for the Baltimore bondholders.

Mr. B. W. Bidgood, General Auditor of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R., was examined as to the earnings of the road. Mr. Bidgood filed a tabulated statement and was examined in regard to the statement—the earnings and expenses.

Mr. J. W. Fry, of Greensboro, General Manager of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R., was examined in regard to the expenses in the tabulated statement.

Col. T. M. R. Talcott, of Richmond, Va., formerly Vice President and General Manager of the Richmond & Danville Railway, was examined as to the physical condition of the three branches of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. and the earning capacity and relative value of one compared with the other.

About 6 p. m. Court adjourned until this morning, when Col. Talcott will resume his testimony.

CIRCUIT CRIMINAL COURT.

Fall Term for New Hanover County—Judge Meares Presiding—The Grand Jury.

The Circuit Criminal Court for New Hanover county convened yesterday; Hon. O. P. Meares, Judge presiding, and W. R. French, Esq., Clerk.

As Solicitor M. C. Richardson was absent, the Court appointed Hon. A. M. Waddell solicitor for the term.

The grand jury was drawn and impanelled, as follows: D. J. Fergus (foreman), J. A. Lockfaw, M. McCall, H. W. Mason, Robert Carter, T. J. Rivenbark, Geo. H. C. Hever, D. H. Wilder, Ira C. Williams, E. V. Elwell, G. T. Grotgen, Jr., B. Kelly, Jno. E. Wilkinson, R. R. Holt, D. D. George, J. W. Presson, I. H. Weill and Samuel C. Jones.

The Court disposed of the following cases during the day:

State vs. Alex. Harper, larceny. Defendant submitted and was sentenced to twelve months imprisonment in the State Penitentiary.

State vs. Henry Brinkley, assault and battery with a deadly weapon. Defendant submitted and judgment was suspended upon the payment of the costs.

State vs. E. D. Wessell, larceny. Verdict not guilty.

At 5.30 p. m. Court adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

The Naval Reserves.

The Wilmington Naval Battalion held a meeting last night, and Mr. Geo. L. Morton, Commander of the Battalion, stated that arrangements had been made to entertain the officers of the *Raleigh* at the Cape Fear Club, which had been tendered to the Reserves; that one hundred and fifty lights had been put in and bunting and other decorations hung in and around the building, and arrangements made for a grand reception and supper; but as the officers of the cruiser cannot visit the city, the Reserves will not be able to show them this courtesy.

FUSION PROPOSITION.

IT HAS CAUSED A PROFOUND SENSATION IN THE STATE

And Has Displeased Many Democrats—Reasons Given by the Democratic Committee For Making the Proposal—The Populist Committee Will Meet To-day to Consider the Matter—Senator Butler Declared to Favor the Proposition.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 13.

The action of the Democratic State Central Committee in proposing fusion with Populists created the greatest kind of a surprise. Few persons had any idea that the Democrats would accept Mr. Ayer's proposition, for such his reply was. The proposition will be delivered to Chairman Ayer at noon to-day or thereabouts. Mr. Ayer has already summoned his Executive Committee to meet here Wednesday, October 14th. Every member is urged to attend, to pass upon matters of vital importance, so the telegrams read.

The sentiment of Democrats is pretty well divided in Raleigh in regard to what is termed by many, "The surrender to Populism." Some approve and others condemn. Local Populists make fun of the proposition and Republicans look gleeful.

The proposition asks for fusion on all State, county and congressional offices. According to the provisions of the proposal as submitted, the Democrats are to support Guthrie for Lieutenant Governor, Cy. Thompson for Secretary of State, W. H. Worth for Treasurer, and Montgomery for the Supreme Court, and also Guthrie, or whoever the Populists may designate for the United States Senate. The Populists are to support Watson for Governor and the balance of the Democratic State ticket, and J. S. Manning, the Judicial nominee in the Fifth district.

In the Congressional division the Populists are to have the First, Third, Fourth and Seventh districts, and the Democrats the rest.

"Bailey, of North Carolina," is quoted to have said, "If we only had known, we never would have fused with the Populists." Bailey thinks the Republican vote exceeds that of the Democrats and Populists.

Chatham Republicans are evidently living in utter ignorance. Yesterday they pledged their support to P. T. Massey for Congress.

Chairman Ayer states that all the Populist campaigners, save one, are paying their own expenses. It is pretty much the same way with the Democratic canvassers. Is there a Republican in the State making the canvass who defrays all of his own expenses?

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Judge Montgomery decides that magistrates are to be voted for on the county ticket.

By Southern Associated Press.

RALEIGH, October 13.—The Democratic Central Committee was in session here until after 3 o'clock this morning. It reviewed the situation, and decided that the Republicans would certainly elect their State ticket unless fusion of Democrats and Populists were effected. The committee, therefore, proposed to the Pops both State and Congressional fusion. The proposition was sent to the Populist State chairman this morning. It is that Watson (Democrat) shall be joint candidate for Governor; Guthrie (Populist) for Lieutenant Governor, with pledge that the Democrats shall support him for the United States Senate; Cyrus Thompson (Populist) for Secretary of State; W. H. Worth (Populist) for Treasurer; W. A. Montgomery (Populist) for Supreme Court Justice. The proposition as to Congressmen is that the Populists shall take the First, Third, Fourth, and Seventh districts. The Populist State chairman has summoned his entire State committee by telegraph to meet here Wednesday.

As soon as Populist State Chairman Ayer read the Democratic committee's proposition for complete fusion with the Democrats, he said: "You can say from me that this proposition will not be accepted."

The Democratic proposition for fusion has caused a profound sensation in the State, and the anger of many Democrats is intense.

The Democratic committee, in its proposition, gives the following as its reason for making it: "This committee, believing that the white people of North Carolina are intensely in earnest in their desire and purpose to secure the benefits of reform for which Mr. Bryan stands, and to preserve good government in North Carolina, are prepared to invite close alliance among all those who hold to these views. This, in our opinion, is made imperative in view of the fact that the colored voters of the State have been united in a compact body in support of those measures for which McKinley and Russell stand. The colored people and their leaders have made the union of white people necessary to defeat McKinleyism and Russellism in North Carolina. To provide for a union of those believing in white supremacy and good government, the chairman of this committee is instructed to propose to the executive committee of the People's party, as the ticket to be voted for in the coming election, the names given above."

The proposition ends with these words: "For the Legislature both parties pledge their best efforts to defeat all Republican candidates to the Legislature and to elect only Democrats and Populists, and only such as are known to stand for the reform advocated by Mr. Bryan."

Populist Chairman Ayer gave out the following this afternoon: "You can say for me, that the proposition will not be accepted. We will not enter into any proposition whereby we lose any of our Congressmen in the First, Third, Fourth, Sixth and Seventh districts, whose election is now assured."

To the question: "Are you averse to yielding the Governorship?" he replied: "To that I have nothing to say."

"Influential Populists say it is entirely too late to make any change in their ticket, as it takes two weeks to get the news to Populists in the interior. Senator Butler is declared to favor the proposition, and the Democratic Committee made the advance upon assurances from him. Republican Chairman Holton said: "Democrats can't fuse with Pops because Populists will not fuse with them. We will carry the State in any event for Russell."

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

DO YOU TAKE IT?

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that is opposed to the single gold standard, that favors the free coinage of silver on an exact equality with gold, and that does not hesitate to speak its sentiments openly and fearlessly? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

If you will invest $1.25 in a trial subscription of three months you will have ample opportunity to form a fair judgment of the merits of THE MORNING STAR.

OPERA HOUSE.

"Mary, Queen of Scots," by Mlle. Rhea and Company.

Mlle. Rhea presented at the Opera House last night Schiller's historical play, "Mary, Queen of Scots." The scene of the play is laid in England, in the fifteenth century and deals with the life, imprisonment and death of that famous Queen. The play is not one which gives the supporting company any great advantage. Mlle. Rhea appeared in the title role, *Mary Stuart*. She seemed to live the part she personated and her audience lived with her. She made one forget that the famous Queen was only being impersonated. The last act—the execution scene—was especially strong; Mlle. Rhea in this, appearing to the greatest advantage.

Mr. Joseph O'Meara and Mr. Howard Hall, although their parts were not especially strong, rendered the characters of *Earl of Shrewsbury* and *Lord Burleigh* well.

Mr. Norman H. Hackett as *Sir Amias Paulet*, and Miss Theresa Eckert as *Hannah Kennedy*, also came in for a share of the praise. Miss Helen P. Singer as *Elizabeth*, gave a true impersonation of England's impetuous queen.

But the greatest success achieved outside of Rhea, was that of Mr. Edmund L. O'Connor as *Lord Leicester*. His stage presence alone established him as an actor. His voice was perfect and his gestures graceful, and the audience bestowed much merited applause upon him.

Robert Downing will be the attraction next Monday night.

ASSOCIATED CHARITIES.

Report of Treasurer of Associated Charities for August and September, 1896:

Receipts—August 1st (balance), $37.15; New Hanover county, $350; J. C. Stevenson & Taylor, $25; cash, $35; Miss Annie Kidder, $10; West & Co., $5; cash, $5; railroad fare returned, $1.10. Total, $378.25.

Disbursements—Groceries, $178; secretary's salary, $50; Catharine Kennedy Home, $25; exchange, 10 cents; cash help, $7; rent for persons in need, $6; unloading wood, $1.50; railroad fares, $8.30; funeral expenses, $2; janitor, $3; stationery, 75 cents; September 30th (balance), $101.60. Total, $378.25.

Contributions in kind—Messrs. Carroll, Rhodes & Hayes, beef; Vienna Bakery, twelve loaves of bread; Mrs. A. M. Waddell and Miss Lizzie Waddell, clothing.

RUSSELL TALKS.

Interviewed at Charlotte—Says He Will Be the Next Governor—And He Will If White Men Do Not Register and Vote.

The Charlotte *News* of Monday has the following:

Judge Russell came in from Wilmington on the Carolina Central train last night. He left this morning for Shelby, where he speaks to-day.

Solicitor Marshall Mott came in yesterday and went up to Shelby with the Judge this morning.

Judge Russell says he will be the next Governor of North Carolina whether Maj. Guthrie stays up or comes down. If he stays up he says he will get a plurality of several thousand, and if Guthrie comes down he claims he will get seventy-five per cent. of the Populist vote.

At Republican headquarters they are claiming 51 members of the lower House, place 23 as doubtful, with the possibility that the Democrats will get 20 of these, give the Populists 39 and concede the Democrats 18. They themselves acknowledge that this estimate is extravagant, and virtually concede that all in the doubtful column will be Democrats.

I asked Judge Russell what he thought his majority would be, but he declined to estimate. He said McKinley would carry the State, but wouldn't say anything regarding majorities for votes, and let th egeneral statement stand by itself.

Mr. Mott said 10,000 for McKinley, but the Judge wouldn't name any figure.

The Republican leaders generally are claiming the State as doubtful, but they admit privately that McKinley has no chance in the State. The Republican National Committee has no hope of carrying North Carolina since the fusion on the electoral ticket, and the Republican leaders in the State are putting up a great bluff game when they claim the State for McKinley.

The truth of it is that the fusion on the electoral ticket is endorsed by the masses of both the Democratic and Populist parties.

The policy of the Republicans now is to claim everything, but to name no figures, and they give no basis for their hopes. They haven't much.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

— Mr. Henry A. Page, of Aberdeen, N. C., was a visitor in the city yesterday.

SUPREME COURT.

Opinions Handed Down at Yesterday's Session.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 13.—In the Supreme Court to-day, opinions were handed down as follows:

Golberg vs. Cohen, from Craven, affirmed, in both appeals.

Chadbourn vs. Johnston, from Pender, error.

Hahn vs. Mosely, from Craven, affirmed.

Crabtree vs. Scheelky, from Craven, affirmed.

Scheelky vs. Koch, from Craven, affirmed.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Democratic Club Meeting.

THE REGULAR MEETING OF THE Bryan, Sewall and Watson Democratic Club will be held at the county Court House to-night at 8.30 o'clock. The Club will be addressed by an able business man upon the financial issue, and all of our fellow-citizens, especially newcomers, are cordially invited to attend. THOS. W. STRANGE, oct 14 1t President.

Notice

MILLS & MONTGOMERY HAVING SOLD the two car loads of Horses and Mules received last week, Mr. Mills will here to-day to purchase more stock. All who want something fancy be on the lookout. MILLS & MONTGOMERY. oct 14 1t

Special Notice.

JUST THINK—QUAIL ON TOAST, COOTS, New York Steaks and Chops. New River Oysters a specialty. Fine ice received and will be served to day at No. 9 Market street. Give me a call. WILL WEST, Manager. oct 4 tf

Apples, Cocoanuts,

Cakes, Crackers, Cheese, Butter, Candy, Flour, Sugar, Coffee, &c.

Pig Pork

in barrels and half barrels.

Fresh goods arriving daily. Write for prices.

HALL & PEARSALL, Nutt and Mulberry streets. oct 14 D&W tf

Chickens,

Chickens, Chickens, [illegible]

Lowest prices, best quality and fat.

S. W. SANDERS, At "Unlucky Corner." oct 14 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Jute Bagging,

Arrow Ties,

Cheese, Crackers, Cakes, Salmon, Sardines, Oysters.

Full and complete stock of HEAVY AND FANCY GROCERIES.

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Don t fail to see us before buying.

WORTH & WORTH. tf

School Shoes.

We have been thinking about your Children's SHOES, School Shoes particularly. If you want a good serviceable Shoe for your son, one that will out-wear any Shoe you can get, try a pair of our Boys' Kangaroo Calf Lace Shoes with sole leather tips at $1.25 and $1.50. Try one pair and you'll buy no other.

Geo. R. French & Sons. sep 9 tf

Ship Your Hides, Fur and Wax

AND OBTAIN

Highest Market Price

—TO—

SAM'L BEAR, Sr., 12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C. oct 11 tf

Still in the Ring.

I WISH TO INFORM YOU ALL THAT I have reduced my price for Shaving to 10 cents, and that you will get just as good work and as much attention as you did when the price was higher. You can also get a good Hair Cut, or anything else in the Barber's line. Give me a call and see for yourself. Respectfully, A. PERMENTER, oct 4 1m No. 11 South Front street.

Blankets, Comforts, Underwear.

Gray and white Double Blankets, 49c.
Extra heavy Double Blankets, 75 and 98c.
A Good Red Blanket, $1.25.
Better grade, $2.00; All Wool, $4.75.
One-half wool white Blankets, $2.25 and $3.50.
$6 50 California Wool Blanket, $5.00.
A Good Comforter at 98c.
Better grades at 75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.25 and $3.00.
Children's Cotton Vests, 10, 15 and 25c.
Children's Ribbed Vests, 25, 35 and 50c.
Ladies' Ribbed Vests, 15, 25 and 50c.

Our 50c Grade is 1-2 Wool.

All Wool $1.25 White and Red Wool Vests and Pants, 98c.
Men's Cotton Undershirts, 15, 25 and 39c.
Men's white Wool Undershirts, a Bargain, 50c.
A splendid line in White, Red and Gray Shirts and Drawers at 98c, $1.40 and $1.95 a Suit.

Special Values in Latest Style

Dress Goods

10c up to $1.00 per yard.

Dress Trimmings and Linings, Millinery, Cases and Cloaks, Carpets and Mattings, Clothing and Hats, Boots and Shoes.

It will pay you to visit

J. H. Rehder & Co.

Near Fourth Street Bridge.

Write for samples of Dress Goods.

'Phone 118.

Car fare paid on purchases of $9.00 and upwards.

Beautiful Crayon Portraits given away when purchases amount to $10. Ask for Punch Card. oct 6 tf

For School Books

—AND—

SCHOOL SUPPLIES,

SEND IN YOUR ORDERS TO

C. W. Yates & Co.,

Wilmington, N. C.,

THE LARGEST

School Furnishing House

in North Carolina.

Liberal discounts to Merchants. sep 20 tf

GOLD IS ON ONE SIDE.

Silver Is On the Other.

But we will take as much of both, or Greenbacks either, at 100 cents in the dollar, as we can get, in exchange

For Our Shoes,

Which we are offering to the generous public at

Prices Which Will Astonish.

Take a look at our Show Window. Remember the H. C. Evans' old stand, 63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans, sep 27 tf

DON'T FORGET

TO SEE OUR

Fine Display of Candies

—AT—

PALACE BAKERY,

Saturday, October 10. oct 10 tf

AND THE DOCTOR SAID:

"Take it to Nutt's Drug Store."

He knew that here his prescription would receive the best attention.

He knew that only the freshest and purest drugs would be used.

He knows it because he has been sending his prescriptions here for years, and has never had occasion to find fault.

Prescription filling is serious work. NUTT'S Up-to-Date Drug Store. sep 26 tf

Attention.

I wish to inform the public of Wilmington that I will open a first class

MERCHANT TAILORING,

with a brand new stock of Woollens, the styles in Nobby Goods that I am at present selecting in New York, that I will display on or about the 17th of October, on Market street, two doors below R. H. Bellamy's drug store.

It will be of interest to good dressers to wait and see my stock before buying elsewhere.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

Respectfully,

LEGER MEYER, oct 13 1m Late with A. David & Co.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 14

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
ARTHUR SEWALL,
of Maine.

FOR ELECTORS.

Electors-at-Large—Locke Craig, of Buncombe, and R. B. Davis, of New Hanover.
First District—Theo. F. White, of Perquimans.
Second District—H. F. Freeman, of Wilson.
Third District—C. R. Thomas, of Craven.
Fourth District—W. S. Bailey, of Nash.
Fifth District—William Merritt, of Person.
Sixth District—B. F. Keith, of New Hanover.
Seventh District—Theo. F. Kluttz, of Rowan.
Eighth District—Tyre York, of Wilkes.
Ninth District—R. D. Gilmer, of Haywood.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR:
CYRUS B. WATSON,
of Forsyth.
FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
THOMAS W. MASON,
of Northampton.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
CHARLES M. COOKE,
of Franklin.
FOR STATE TREASURER:
B. F. AYCOCK,
of Wayne.
FOR STATE AUDITOR:
R. M. FURMAN,
of Buncombe.
FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH,
of Johnston.
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
F. I. OSBORNE,
of Mecklenburg.
ASSOCIATE JUSTICES SUPREME COURT:
A. C. AVERY, of Burke,
GEO. H. BROWN, Jr., of Beaufort.
FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE FIFTH DISTRICT.
JAMES S. MANNING, of Durham.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

1st District—W. H. Lucas, of Hyde.
2d " F. A. Woodard, of Wilson.
3d " Frank Thompson, Onslow.
4th " E. W. Pou, of Johnston.
5th " W. W. Kitchin, of Person.
6th " Jas. A. Lockhart, of Anson.
7th " S. J. Pemberton, of Stanly.
8th " R. A. Doughton, Alleghany
9th " Jos. S. Adams, Buncombe.

COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Sheriff—Frank H. St[illegible]
Register of Deeds—[illegible] Haar.
Treasurer—Josh[illegible] ames.
Coroner—R[illegible]
Commi[illegible] mith.
[illegible] ger Moore.
—J. G. L. Gieschen.
—W. F. Alexander.
Constable—(Wil. township) W. H. Biddle.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
B. F. KING.
D. J. FERGUS.

COCKRAN ON SLAVEHOLDERS.—Will you submit to this conspiracy between the professional farmers, the farmers who cultivate the quarrels of their neighbhrs, farmers who labor with their jaws, Populist agitators of the West, and the unreconciled slave-holders of the South? This is a conspiracy between professional farmers, who want to pay low wages, and the unreconciled slave-holders, who would like to pay no wages at all.—(Extract from the speech of Bourke Cockran, delivered in New York August 18th.)

A BRUTAL VIEW.

A year or so ago Hon. Wm. C. Whitney spent some time in Europe, and while there he made it a point to feel the pulse of Europe, so to speak, on the question of bimetallism, and came home under the impression that the sentiment was drifting rapidly that way. He gave this as one of the reasons for his opposition to the declaration for free and unlimited coinage by the Chicago platform, contending that this would have a tendency to retard action in favor of bimetallism by European countries; but why it should he did not show or give any good reason for.

Later Hon. Perry Belmont visited Europe, and he, too, felt the pulse of the money manipulators on the other side, and he came back fully convinced, he said, that Europe had no idea of adopting bimetallism in the near or distant future, but was solidly planting itself on a gold basis, there to remain. In proof of this he cited the increased gold holdings in the treasuries of European Governments, and in bank vaults, as an evidence that these countries intended to run the gold schedule right along and make it a permanent thing.

He, too, went to Chicago and opposed incorporating a free silver plank in the platform because he said that would put us in financial antagonism to the recognized policy of Europe, the policy at present, and which, according to him, was to be the policy perpetuated.

They both went to Chicago as Democrats and volunteer advisers of the convention, both entertaining views diametrically opposed, and both insisting that the convention do nothing for silver, and both giving contrary reasons for the course they advised and insisted upon.

As between these conflicting views how was the convention to decide, if it was to decide in favor of either? One told it that silver was coming and advised it to go slow and not do anything for silver, because that would make our European sympathizers sour on us, and the other told us not to do anything for silver, because silver didn't stand a ghost of a chance anywhere in Europe. The convention did the logical and sensible thing by paying no attention to either, but adopting the declaration for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, regardless of what any European nation might do, and of what any European nation might think about it, or rather what the money manipulators of any European nation might think about it.

As Mr. Whitney and Mr. Belmont could not humbug the Chicago convention, gag it, or make it repeat the old straddling act of 1892, they and a few more of their kind flocked to themselves, talked the matter over and resolved to get up a little party of their own, a saffron-hued little party, which they had the gall to call the "National Democratic Party," and they called a so-called national convention at Indianapolis, and framed a platform in which they didn't say a word about silver coinage, in the near or the remote future, but pledged themselves unequivocally to the perpetuation of the gold standard, although both of them played the role of bimetallists at Chicago.

But another statesman has been visiting Europe and feeling the pulse, too—a Republican statesman this time, and a New England statesman. He has recently returned, and tells what he had learned, thus:

"There is undoubtedly a very strong opinion in England which is eager for the restoration of silver to its place by the side of gold as a standard of value, a legal tender and a servant of national and international trade and commerce as currency. I suppose, indeed, I think I know, that this is the opinion of a majority of the present cabinet.

"But there is in England considerable difficulty in the matter. Leaders of the opposition, Sir Wm. Vernon-Harcourt especially, and Mr. Gladstone, who, although out of office, is still a great political force, take the brutal view that so long as other countries owe England an indebtedness, estimated by some persons as high as $10,000,000,000, that everything that increases the volume of the coin in which the debt is to be paid is a clear gain to her. The administration is timid, and although a majority of the administration are bimetallists, they would encounter some opposition among themselves, and they do not like to encounter the banking and investing classes in the city of London."

If we understand this it means that popular sentiment in England is for bimetallism, and that the opposition to it comes from the money-lending class, and the statesmen who do their bidding and voice their wishes, just as the opposition to it in this country comes from the money-manipulators [illegible] so-called state[illegible] [illegible] floar [illegible] ates as the "brutal view" and insist on making the world pay golden tribute to them, as it has been doing ever since they succeeded in putting England on the gold standard, and thus robbing mankind out of thousands of millions of dollars. While they can force this tribute they will adhere to this "brutal view," and will throw every obstacle they can in the way of England adopting bimetallism.

If other nations show a disposition to wait on England until she consents to co-operation we will never have bimetallism, for that will encourage those who hold this "brutal view" to keep up the fight against bimetallism, and the only way to bring them to terms is for other nations to act independently of England, and to isolate her, so to speak, and soon there will be such a clamor for bimetallism in England that the statesmen will be compelled to listen to it and give it heed.

And the United States are the nation to lead off and make the declaration of financial independence, for this is the nation, as Bismarck recently said in his letter to Governor Culberson, of Texas, which is best situated to take the lead and take the stand for free silver, which other nations would like to take if they were so situated as to break away from the European combination.

The Democratic party, in its convention at Chicago, made that declaration of independence for the American people, and it remains for them to ratify it on the 3d of next November, which, unless the signs are all at fault, they will do.

MINOR MENTION.

A short while ago Col. Ingersoll, the gentleman who discovered "the mistakes of Moses," was a strong free silver man and devoted considerable space in a book he wrote to show how the legislation hostile to silver had operated to the detriment of the farmers of the country, and to what a deplorable condition it had brought them. He was doubtless expressing his honest convictions in that book, and was not pleading for votes for Republican candidates for office. Bob is a Republican from away back. The Republican party is one of the few things he does believe in, but as he doesn't believe in a devil or a hell he doubtless thinks it perfectly safe to believe in the Republican party, and to support it in all its meanness, as he is now doing, although but a short while ago a silver man, in [illegible]ing it in its war on silver. B[illegible] is some originality about Bo[illegible] doesn't take his cue always from others and bank on the frauds they invent and try to palm off on the people. This sometimes puts him in antagonism to them. One of the favorite frauds the anti-silver organs and stumpers of high and low degree indulge in is that the free silver movement was inspired by the silver mine owners, who will be about the only persons benefitted by it, by having their fifty cents' worth of bullion converted into a 100 cent dollar. To anyone who thinks for a minute the fraud on the face of this becomes apparent, but Bob, although speaking for McKinley, in a speech made at Chicago one night last week, showed his contempt for the fraud and its originators by puncturing it thus:

"Some say that it would help the mine owners. It would not. Coining this bullion into dollars would not increase its value, because you could not coin the bullion of the whole world and the supply would be greater than the demand. Have free coinage to-morrow and there is not a silver mine owner that would make a dollar, not one, by changing it into American coin. It would only be worth what the bullion is worth in the open market."

It would help the miners, but in helping the miners it would help every one else.

* * *

The Republicans are basing their calculations on carrying the State at the next election on the increased registry of colored voters. Chairman Holton of the Republican State Committee, is quoted as saying that the increase will amount to twenty five per cent. over previous years. Every one who knows anything about the voting strength of the colored voters of this State, and knows how industriously the Republican hustlers to whom that duty had been assigned, have worked to get the negroes registered, knows that the statement that the number of such voters on the lists is twenty-five per cent. greater than heretofore, carries fraud upon its face, and that no such increase could have been made without resorting to the most flagrant fraud. There is no doubt that there is a large increase in the number of negroes registered, and there is little doubt that much fraud has been perpetrated, especially in the border counties, where the opportunities for it are the best, and the danger of punishment the least, because the fraudulent voter can after receiving his pay and casting his ballot, skip across the border and be safe. We published something about this a few days ago from the Charlotte *News*, as a warning to Democrats along the border. The fact that there has been a large increase in the number of registered negroes, whether there has been any fraud or not, should be a stimulus to Democrats to register and work. There is but one more day to register—next Saturday—and let no Democrat who has not yet registered, fail to register on that day.

* * *

Senator Sherman is now the great headlight of the gold men on the Republican side of the fence, but the fact is that Senator Sherman has been on all sides of the money question. If he is a strong advocate and defender of the gold standard, he, like Secretary Carlisle, has been an equally and even more zealous advocate of silver. The Concord, New Hampshire, *Monitor*, which is Senator Chandler's paper, quotes the following extracts from speeches made by him in the Senate when the money question was under consideration:

"To adopt the gold standard alone and demonetize silver would be to deprive the poor people of the world of money which alone measures the value of their productions, and their labor."

* * * * * * * *

"Gold alone is not suitable for a currency, because it will not measure the daily wants of the great mass of mankind."

* * * * * * * *

"They have varied, sometimes one and sometimes the other higher, but they have gone on, gold the money of the rich, silver the money of the poor, the one to measure acquired wealth, the other to measure the daily necessities of life; and, sir, no act of parliament, although it may disturb for a moment the relation of these two metals to each other, nothing but an act of God can destroy the use of both these metals among the nations of mankind."

And this is the man who has the amazing gall to defend the gold standard, and to defend the act of 1873, and to assert that this act was passed with the full knowledge and approval of the American people after full and free discussion, when he knows that it was not the original but a substitute act which was passed under suspension of the rules without even the formality of reading.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— This is a stupid campaign so far. Why don't the Nationals do something? If they have no orators, there yet remain brass bands and fireworks. If they can't speak, they can resolute.—*Mobile Register, Dem.*

—— Colonel Fellows says his audiences look more like opera audiences than people who turn out to political speeches. Possibly this is due to the fact that the Colonel is advocating a comic opera ticket.—*New York Journal, Dem.*

—— "There is nothing in our progress more marvelous," says Mr. McKinley, "than the growth of our internal commerce." And what is as marvelous is the fact that this progress has been accomplished without the interposition of State tariff walls!—*Philadelphia Record (Palmer) Dem.*

—— The Ohio and Indiana polls clearly indicate McKinley's defeat. That is one reason why Gen. Benj. Harrison speaks in Cincinnati tomorrow night, and all the big Republican gold heresy guns have been ordered to Ohio by Mark Hanna for instant action. Look out now for more boodle and bribery in Indiana.—*Indianapolis Sentinel, Dem.*

Neuralgia is the prayer of the nerves for pure blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the One True Blood Purifier and nerve builder.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Yadkin *Ripple*: Thirty-six applicants, thirty-three white and three colored, were examined Friday and Saturday for teacher's certificate and every one received a good grade. Examiner Pinnix says there is much improvement since the last examination.

— Lincolnton *Democrat*: Mary Jane Carpenter, colored, was shot near Lowesville last week. A boy asked to be allowed to go home with her from church, and was refused. As she was on her way home some boys were following behind, and one of them fired a shot, which took effect in the rear of Mary Jane's left shoulder. The shot is expected to prove fatal.

— Elkin *Times*: Marvin Ring, who poisoned his father and family in March and who was sent to the West, came back to town for the third time last Friday night. Officers had been apprised of his coming and when he arrived he was promptly arrested and carried before Justice Butner. He waived examination and was bound over to court in a bond of $5,000. Being unable to give bail he was carried to Dobson Saturday by Sheriff Eidson and committed to jail. His father has done all he can to make something out of the boy, but of no avail and now the last remedy is for the law to take its course. The penalty for poisoning is from one to twenty years in the penitentiary.

— Greensboro *Record*: Dr. R. K. Gregory has made another very valuable and important invention in a nut lock for railway, bridge and vehicles of all description. The key to the lock is concealed in the nut, and when the nut is screwed up upon the bolt it locks itself in the bolt and is concealed from view, and cannot be gotten at to unlock it or tamper with it or remove it from its place. The bolt must be broken or cut off to remove it. It is impossible for it to work loose or fall off and cause accidents as are daily the results from those now in use. This device has long been needed and sought after, but it is Dr. Gregory's good fortune to have made the invention which will surely pay him a handsome reward. Patent has been applied for.

TWINKLINGS.

— Hobbs—Hello, old man. What makes you look so thin?

Cobbs—Been living on health foods for six months.—*Washington Times.*

— "They tell me your servant is a jewel," said a caller.

"Yes," replied the hostess, wearily; "she's so much more ornamental than useful."—*Comic Cuts.*

— "What do you consider the most common blunder made by men in public life?" "In most instances the greatest blunder is that they enter public life at all."

— "Cropperton seems fond of his baby—he carries it nearly all the time." "Well, you see, Mrs. Cropperton won't trust him to lead the poodle."

— "Tom, which will you have for your birthday, a bicycle or a watch?" "Bicycle," said Tom. "The wheels are bigger."—*Harper's Round Table.*

— Not in the Mood: First Clubman—Are you going to Mrs. De Styles' musicale to-night?

Second Clubman—No, I'm not in a mood for talking.—*New York Weekly.*

— Mistress—Nora, you didn't stay long at your new place?

Nora—No'm; thim haythen people ixpicted me ter clane 'lenen bikes iv'ry mornin' before breakfast.—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Hicks—I hear there is trouble between Bowser and his wife.

Wicks—Yes; he brought home a tandem, and they have been fighting ever since about who shall ride in front.—*Boston Transcript.*

APPOINTMENTS.

Wilmington District—W. S. Rone, P. E.
Wilmington, Fifth Street, Oct. 4, 5.
Brunswick circuit, Macedonia, October 10, 11.
Scott's Hill circuit, Union, Oct. 17, 18.
Wilmington, Market Street, night, Oct. 18.
Elizabeth circuit, Elizabethtown, Oct. 24 25.
Clinton circuit, Goshen, Oct. 31 and Nov. 1.
Carver's Creek Circuit, Shiloh, November 7, 8.
Kenansville circuit, Rose Hill, November 14, 15.
Magnolia circuit, Providence, November 15, 16.
Columbus circuit, Cerro Gordo, November 20 21.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville, Nov. 22, 23.
Waccamaw circuit, Zion, Nov. 24.
Bladen circuit, Antioch, Nov. 28, 29.
Wilmington, Bladen Street, Dec. 3
Onslow circuit, Tabernacle, Dec. 5, 6

WHERE TO BUY GORHAM SILVER:

Don't look for it among the "Silvery" silver of the dry-goods stores, offered at half the price of Bullion. Suspicion instantly attaches to all such wares, no matter what they are stamped, or by whom they are sold. On the contrary, the proprietor of any first-class jewelry store in the U. S. will stake his personal reputation upon the sterling quality of GORHAM Silver.

Too good for Dry Goods Stores—Jewelers only.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It sooths the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

THE PRIZE CARVING.

Harrow and I were both carvers. We had learned of the same master, and we were rivals from the first. Harrow and I were both poor men enough, both young, and both in love with the same girl, Bessie Barker, the old sea captain's daughter.

I'm not as much of a hand at talking as I am at carving, so I'll come at once to the time when Sir Arthur Atwater, an Englishman who had settled in America, offered a prize for the best piece of carving done by one of his townsmen.

The prize was valuable enough. It was $100. But that wasn't the thing, you see—not to us, at least. We wanted the name of it, and we wanted to let Bessie know what we were.

I felt afraid of nobody but Harrow, and he, I know, feared no one but me. I went to work upon an easel. He began the ornamental top of a sideboard. I could have cried with envy when I took the first peep at it. I thought the design for my easel was fine; I knew it was, but he must have been inspired.

But I worked at my easel as much as I could, and it was nearly done when a certain Tuesday came, not too soon, either, for nothing was to be received after Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock.

I looked at my carving and saw that three hours' work would finish it, and I calculated that I could go out to see Bessie, spend an hour with her and still get it done before midnight; and so—like a fool, you'll say, but then you are not in love, you know—I dressed myself and started off.

Now Bessie's father, fond of the sea, lived close beside in a little cottage. In summer trains ran regularly, but in winter there were just two a day, one at 10 in the morning and one at 7 in the evening.

I just caught the train, and I stood outside on the platform for a moment to take breath, and looked through the window into the car, and saw Harrow sitting there. I suppose his work was done by that.

Well, I didn't want to speak to him, and since he was to be there I didn't care to go to the captain's. Harrow did not see me, and when the train stopped I slipped out of the way behind the station and waited until he went by. Then I followed him, I hardly knew why, clear down to the cottage. He rang the bell and was let in. I saw his shadow on the white shade—and going close I heard what they were saying.

"Carving done?" asked the captain. "I suppose so, or you'd not be wasting your time visiting."

"It's not done," said Harrow, with a laugh. "But I shall take the night for it. I don't expect to sleep much tonight. You see, I wanted inspiration, and I came where I could get it."

"And Beldon, he's done, I suppose?" said the captain. "Which of you is to have the prize?"

"He's got a pretty thing," he said. "Not to boast I'm not afraid of any other competitor, and I'm not much afraid of him—not much. Wish me luck, Miss Bessie." What would Bessie say? I might learn something of her heart by that. I listened.

"I wish you both luck, Mr. Harrow," she said. "I wish there were two prizes."

"But there is only one," he said very gravely. "Which of us shall have it?"

Did he mean the prize for the carving, or more? All she said was:

"Sir Arthur is to decide that."

Then it struck me that if I could keep him from catching the train he could not get back that night—could not finish his carving so as to get it into the exhibition, and in that case no doubt of my luck with a judge like Sir Arthur on the committee.

I listened. I still had another chance.

"I must watch the clock," he said. "My watch is at the jeweler's for repairs, and if I miss the train I'm done for."

I slipped round to the kitchen door. I tried the latch, the door opened easily. I went in. Through the adjoining door I heard Harrow's voice, loud and gay, and I gave a little exultant chuckle as I put the clock hands back half an hour. That was enough for my purpose.

I kept on the watch, and when I found that there was only one other—an old woman—besides myself on the train—call it a train? it was one car and the engine—I felt triumphant. I should finish my work and take it in before Harrow got back.

Our rooms were in the same building and near each other. When I went up to mine and, lighting my gas, saw my beautiful easel almost done, I said aloud:

"We shall have the prize, my dear."

And I sat down before it, but in a minute I dropped the tools and burst out crying like a woman.

What for? you ask. Well, for shame. I knew that I should take no pleasure in the prize—no pride in it. The storm that had been threatening all day had burst. I could do nothing.

Then it dawned upon me that I could. I was a carver—ay, as good as he, if not better. His work was blocked out. I could finish it for him, and leave mine—forsake every hope of the prize.

Then I took a tool I knew would do the thing, picked Harrow's lock, lit his gas, and went to work.

There was just time to dress and carry Harrow's work to the hall. I did that, and then I came back and sat down and looked at my own lost hope.

"I've given you up," said I. "Have I given up Bessie, too? I suppose so."

And then there came a step on the stair, a cry in the next room.

There stood a figure like a frozen ghost, its hair stiff with icicles, its beard flaked with them, ice on its coat, on its hat, on its feet, one arm hanging by its side helpless. It was Harrow.

"I was left by the train at the seaside last night," he panted. "How could I stay? I tried to walk. I fell on the ice. I've broken my arm. I wanted to finish my work—the prize. I should have got. Now"——

He fell fainting into my arms.

"I sent the work in for you and you got the prize," I said. "I thought you'd like me to."

To this day Harrow does not know the truth. He thinks he was delirious in his illness, and forgot the last work he had done. I never told him I did not compete. I told no one anything. But there is something in feeling contented with yourself. I knew that the day Bessie married Harrow.—Exchange.

How Much Can a Bee Carry?

That is the question which certain naturalists have set to work to determine. Having caught a number of bees as they returned to the hive laden with honey, the naturalists inclosed them in a light receptacle and weighed them, the weight of the box being deducted from the total.

The same bees were again captured on emerging empty from the hive and again placed on the delicate scale.

The result of the two operations showed that when ladened the bees weighed three times as much as when empty. Hence it is concluded that a bee can carry twice its own weight.—Leeds Mercury.

Cleaning Tobacco Pipes.

There are so many smokers in the world that any new recipe for cleaning pipes is sure to find readers. The Mexican gypsy has a simple way. Filling the pipe bowl with aguadiente, he stirs the liquid until it is thick with the reeking nicotine and then throws the devil's broth down his throat, with a smack of the lips that tells of supreme gusto. This is economical, but not so desirable to people who are not Mexican gypsies as the following, which was sent to a leading journal, "not as a scientific discovery," but because it might be "of use to those scientific men who are smokers:" "A shallow cork—or, still better, a rubber stopper—through which a hole is bored large enough to enable it to fit tightly on to the nozzle of a soda water siphon, is fitted into the bowl. The nozzle is inserted, the mouthpiece directed into a vessel, about a wineglass of soda forced through, and the pipe is clean."—Exchange.

The Infallible Fly.

Fogg thinks it a remarkable instance of the superior intelligence of the horse fly that it can remember, after lying dormant all winter, which member of the family is possessed of a bald head.—Boston Transcript.

Cripple

The iron grasp of scrofula has no mercy upon its victims. This demon of the blood is often not satisfied with causing dreadful sores, but racks the body with the pains of rheumatism until Hood's Sarsaparilla cures.

"Nearly four years ago I became afflicted with scrofula and rheumatism.

Made

Running sores broke out on my thighs. Pieces of bone came out and an operation was contemplated. I had rheumatism in my legs, drawn up out of shape. I lost appetite, could not sleep. I was a perfect wreck. I continued to grow worse and finally gave up the doctor's treatment to

Well

take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon appetite came back; the sores commenced to heal. My limbs straightened out and I threw away my crutches. I am now stout and hearty and am farming, whereas four years ago I was a cripple. I gladly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla." URBAN HAMMOND, Table Grove, Illinois.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

LITTLE NELL—"What's the matter?"
LITTLE DICK—"Pop caught me smoking, and he's going to lick me."
LITTLE NELL—"When?"
LITTLE DICK—"Quick as he gets through smoking 'Pick Leaf.'"

LYON & CO'S PICK LEAF EXTRA SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch. ALL FOR 10 CENTS. A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke. LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results to follow its use; that he would not be without if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, says that Dr. Ding's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¼
Standard		@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	4	@	4
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	4¾
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	23	@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	40	@	40
Virginia Meal	40	@	40
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 [illegible]
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	10	@	17
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	9	@	8
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 25
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 00
Choice	3 25	@	3 25
Straight	4 10	@	4 00
First Patent	4 45	@	4 50
GLUE—℔ ℔—	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			45
Corn, from store, bags—White,		@	42½
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White,		@	40
Corn, cargo, in bags—White,		@	40
Oats, from store	30	@	32½
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	45
Cow Peas	40	@	50
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 05
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	2	@	2½
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME ℔ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	22
" " " in bbls		@	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	29
" in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" " in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	18	@	
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis	2 35	@	2 64
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	8 00
Rump		@	7 50
Prime		@	7 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
On 125 ℔ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Granu'd		@	45
Standard A		@	4¾
White Ex. C		@	4½
Extra C, Golden	4	@	4¾
C Yellow		@	3
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3¼	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	5	@	
WHISKEY ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL, ℔ ℔—Washed	12	@	14
Unwashed	8	@	10

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, October 13.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 26¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 25¾ cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 40 per bbl for Strained and $1 45 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 00 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Steady. Hard 1.30, Yellow Dip 1 60 and Virgin 1.70 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 25½@25c; rosin, strained, $1 20; good strained $1 25; tar $1 30; crude turpentine $1 10, 1 50, 1 60.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	51
Rosin	27
Tar	32
Crude Turpentine	16

Receipts same day last year—170 casks spirits turpentine, 491 bbls rosin, 267 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7¼c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4⅝	cts	℔ ℔
Good Ordinary	6¼	"	"
Low Middling	6¾	"	"
Middling	7¼	"	"
Good Middling	7 9-16	"	"

Same day last year, middling 8⅜c.

Receipts—3,783 bales; same day last year, 1 467.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 40@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 9 to 11½c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 7½c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.50 to 3.50; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, October 13—Evening.—Money on call was steady at 5@6 per cent; last loan at 5, closing offered at 5 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 8@9 per cent. Sterling exchange was easier; actual business in bankers bills 481¼@481½ for sixty days and 484@484½ for demand. Commercial bills 480@481. Government bonds quiet; United States coupon fours 106¾; United States twos 92½. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 98; North Carolina sixes 115. Railroad bonds higher.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to day weak.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, October 13—Evening.—Cotton quiet; middling gulf 8¼c; middling 8c.

Cotton futures closed steady at prices; October 7 70, November 7 73, December 7 90, January 8 00, February 8 06, March 8 11, April 8 15, May 8 19, June 8 23. Sales 198,400 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 203 bales; gross 641 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,792 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 2,887 bales; forwarded —— bales; sales 4,011 bales; sales to spinners 111 bales; stock (actual) 102,394 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 67,067 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,893 bales; to France 8,550 bales; to the Continent 2,887 bales; stock 952,502 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 1843 15 bales; exports to Great Britain 14,551 bales; to France 9,300 bales; to the Continent 19,971 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 1,504,844 bales; exports to Great Britain 357,697 bales; exports to France 65 457 bales; exports to the Continent 201,430 bales.

Flour was quiet and firmer; winter wheat, low grades $1 90@2 75; do fair to fancy $2 60@3 45; do. patents $3 70@4 20; Minnesota clear $2 50@3 20; patents $3 40@3 60; low extra $1 90@2 75; southern flour was quiet at prices: common to fair extra $2 20@2 80; good to choice $2 80@3 10. Wheat—spot market dull and firmer, with options. Northern 77½c; options were fairly active and irregular, advancing 1½@1⅝c, declined ⅜c. closing firm at 1¼@1⅜c over yesterday; No 2 red May —c; October 74⅞c; November 75⅝c; December 76¾c. Corn—spot quiet and stronger; No. 2 31¼@31⅝c at elevator and 32¼@32⅜c afloat; options were more active and strong at ⅜@⅝c advance, October 31⅛c; November 31⅝c, December 32⅜c; May —c. Oats—spot fairly active and stronger; options moderately active; October 22⅛c; November—c; December 23⅝c; May —. spot—No. 2 22¾@23c; No. 2 white 29½; mixed Western 21@24c. Lard quiet and higher, and closed weak at quotations; Western steam $4 90; city $4 50@4 60; October $4 85, nominal; refined dull; Continent $5 25; South America $5 50; compound $4 62½@4 87½. Pork strong; new mess $8 50@9 25. Butter strong; demand good; State dairy 10@17c; do. creamery 12@19c; Western dairy 7½@11½; Elgins 19c. Eggs—fancy were firm; State and Pennsylvania 17½@20c; icehouse 14½@16; Western fresh 17@18½; do. per case $2 50@4 00. Cotton seed oil strong and active; crude 24c; yellow prime 28c. Rice and molasses steady and unchanged. Peanuts steady; fancy hand-picked 3¾@4c. Coffee steady and 10 to 20 points up; October $10 00 @10 05; December $9 55@9 60; January $9 55; March $9 50@9 60; spot Rio dull and firm; No. 7, $10 62½. Sugar—raw dull and firm; fair refining 2⅝c; refined quiet, steady and unchanged.

CHICAGO, October 13.—Cash quotations: Flour was firm and prices; hard wheat spring patents $3 70@4 00; winter wheat $3 50@3 65. Wheat—No. 2 spring 69¼@70½; No. 2 red 71½@72c. Corn—No. 2 24¼@24⅝c. Oats—No 2 18⅛@18¼c. Mess pork, per bbl, at $7 40@7 50. Lard—per 100 lbs, $4 50@4 55. Short rib sides, loose, per 100 lbs. $3 90@4 10. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs, $4 00@4 25. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs $4 25@4 37½. Whiskey $1 18.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest lowest and closing: Wheat—October 69¾@70, 70½, 69½, 69⅝c; December 70⅛@70⅜, 70⅞, 70¼, 70¾@70⅞c; May 74⅝@74⅞, 74⅞, 74⅜@74¼, 74¼. Corn—October 24¼, 24⅜, 24⅜, 24⅝c; December 24¼@25⅜, 25⅜, 25½, 25⅝c; May 28⅝@28⅞, 28⅞, 29¼. Oats—October 18, 18⅛, 18, 18⅛c; December 18⅜, 19¼, 18⅜, 18⅞; May 20⅝@20⅞, 21⅛, 20⅝, 21. Pork—December $7 60, 7 60, 7 27½, 7 27½; January $8 25, 8 50, 8 10, 8 10. Lard—December $4 55, 4 67½, 4 47½, 4 42½; January $4 57½, 4 62½, 4 67½, 4 67½. Short ribs—December $3 97½, 3 97½, 3 87½, 3 87½; January $4 12½, 4 27½, 4 07½, 4 07½.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 13.—Flour firmer; Western superfine $2 25@2 45; do extra $2 75@3 25; do family $3 60@3 85; winter wheat patents $4 00@4 30; do spring $3 90@4 15; do straight $3 75@4 00. Wheat firmer; spot and October 74⅜@74½c; December 75¾@76c; Steamer No. 2 red 70¾@70⅞c; Southern by sample 73@76c; do on grade 72½@75c. Corn strong; spot and October 30⅞@31c; new or old, November or December, 30⅞@31c; January 31¼@31½c; Steamer mixed 28⅞@29c; Southern white 32@33c. Oats firmer; No. 2 white 25½@26c; No. 2 mixed 21@22c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

October 13—Galveston, quiet at 7⅝ net receipts 6,844 bales; Norfolk, steady at 7 7-16c, net receipts 6,460 bales; Baltimore, dull at 7⅝, net receipts — bales; Boston quiet at 7 15 16, net receipts 816 bales; Wilmington, firm at 7¼, net receipts 3,783 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8⅛c, net receipts 128 bales; Savannah, firm at 7 3-16, net receipts 7,929 bales; New Orleans, firm at 7¼, net receipts 22,229 bales; Mobile, steady at 7½, net receipts 1,317 bales; Memphis, firm at 7¼c, net receipts 3,983 bales; Augusta, quiet at 7 5-16, net receipts 3,147 bales; Charleston, steady at 7 1-16, net receipts 3,873 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 13.—12.30 P. M.—Cotton, fair demand and prices firm, American middling 4¼d. Sales 10 000 bales, of which 9,100 were American; speculation and export 500. Receipts 30,000 bales, of which 27,600 were American. Futures opened steady and demand moderate. October and November 4 18 64, 4 17-64@4 18-64d; November and December 4 16-64d; December and January 4 14-64, 4 13 64@4 14 64d January and February 4 14-64, 4 13 64@4 14 64d; February and March 4 14 64d; March and April 4 14 64, 4 13-64@4 14-64d; April and May 4 14 64d; May and June 4 15 64d; June and July 4 16-64@4 15 64d.

12.45 P. M.—American spot grades 1-32d higher. American middling fair 4⅞d; good middling 4⅝d; middling 4 17-32d; low middling 4 7-16d; good ordinary 4 5-16d; ordinary 4⅛d.

4 P. M.—American middling (l m c) October 4 22 64@4 23-64d seller; October and November 4 18 64@4 19 64d buyer; November and December 4 16-64d seller; December and January 4 14-64@4 15 64d buyer; January and February 4 14 64d; February and March 4 14-64d buyer; March and April 4 14-64d buyer; April and May 4 14 64d; May and June 4 15-64d buyer; June and July 4 15 64@4 16 64d buyer; July and August 4 16-64d buyer. Futures closed steady.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Br stmr Lobelia. 1918 tons, Hodgeson, Manchester, Eng, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Steamship Oneida, Chichester, New York, H G Smallbones.

Steamship Pawnee, Robinson, New York, H G Smallbones.

Stmr A P Hurt, Williams, Fayetteville, James Madden.

CLEARED.

Nor barque Kong Carl, Romelvedt, Middleboro, Eng, Paterson, Downing & Co.

Stmr A P Hurt, Williams, Fayetteville, James Madden.

EXPORTS.

FOREIGN.

MIDDLEBORO—Nor barque Kong Carl—4,770 barrels rosin.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 14, 1896.

SCHOONERS.

Adele Ball, 401 tons, Woodhull, Geo Harriss Son & Co.
Chas H Sprague, 260 tons, Harper ——.
H G Milliken, 171 tons, Kimball, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
W C Wickham, 313 tons, Ewan, Geo Harriss, Son & Co
B I Hazard, 372 tons, Blatchford, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Madeline (Br), 1,863 tons, Nidden, New York, Heide & Co.
Crathorne (Br), 1,695 tons, Lewis, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Dulwich, 2,111 tons, Cox, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Ormidale, 2,304 tons, Butler, Alex Alex Sprunt & Son.

BARQUES.

Victoria (Nor), 368 Arensen, ——.
Pandur (Dan), 563 tons, Schmidt, J T Riley & Co.

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

Southerland & Cowan,

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15, TELEPHONE NO 15

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses. Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.50.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4 00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2 00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

SUMMER RESORTS

SPARKLING

CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for
Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo,
Spinal Affections, Neuralgia,
Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel,
Diabetes, Kidney Affections,
Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia,
Debility and Skin Diseases.
Hotel refitted and in good order.
Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,

Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.

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Fish and Cheese.

250 Barrels MULLETS.
100 Boxes CHEESE.
50 Bags PEPPER.
10 Bags GINGER.
25 Bags SPICE.
Also Cotton Ties, Bagging, Meat, Molasses and lots of other goods.

D. L. Gore.

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Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children.
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTYN, D.D., New York City.

What is Castoria

A Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

C.A.S.T.O.R.I.A.

CASTORIA

FASHIONS CHANGE BUT

POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless: and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

feb 14 y

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B.B.B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

Has been thoroughly tested by eminent physicians and the people for 40 years, and cures quickly and permanently

SCROFULA, RHEUMATISM, ULCERS, CATARRH, ECZEMA, ERUPTIONS,

and all manner of RAVING, SPREADING and RUNNING SORES. It is by far the best tonic and blood purifier ever offered to the world. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5. For sale by druggists.

SENT FREE WONDERFUL CURES. BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

feb 18 1y For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. tu th ss

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Bryan and Sewall

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sep 3 tf.

The Morning Star.

THE BABY OVER THE WAY.

Across in my neighbor's window,
With its folds of satin and lace,
I see, with its crown of ringlets,
A baby's innocent face.
The throng in the street look upward,
And every one grave and gay,
Has a nod and a smile for the baby
In the mansion over the way.

Just here in my cottage window,
His chin in his dimpled hands
And a patch on his faded apron,
The child that I live for stands.
He has kept my heart from breaking
For many a weary day,
And his face is as pure and handsome
As the baby's over the way.

Sometimes when we sit together
My grave little man of three
Bore vexes me with the question,
"Does God, up in heaven, like me?"
And I say, "Yes, yes, my darling,"
Though I almost answer "Nay"
As I see the nursery candles
In the mansion over the way.

And oft when I draw the stockings
From his little tired feet
And loosen the clumsy garments
From his limbs, so round and sweet,
I grow too bitter for singing,
My heart too heavy to pray,
As I think of the dainty raiment
Of the baby over the way.

* * * * * * *

O God in heaven, forgive me
For all I have thought and said.
My envious heart is humbled;
My neighbor's baby is dead!
I saw the little white coffin
As they carried it out today,
And the heart of a mother is breaking
In the mansion over the way.

The light is fair in my window,
The flowers bloom at my door,
My boy is chasing the sunbeams
That dance on the cottage floor,
The roses of health are crowning
My darling's forehead today,
But the baby is gone from the window
Of the mansion over the way.
—May Riley Smith in Cradle and Armchair.

Modest Tongue.

A doctor should be a master of push and parry if he would get the better of an Irish patient, intent upon concealing more than he reveals as to the cause of his sickness. Dr. Roosevelt, in an article, "The Hospital," published in Scribner's, tells how he was once worsted in a professional interview at the Roosevelt hospital with an Irish laborer. The doctor writes:

I was struck by the humorous look in his face, but even more by the unmistakable evidence of hard drinking which he presented. After asking some other questions, I suddenly said:

"You have been drinking pretty hard, have you not?"

He looked at me with the most engaging of Irish smiles and gravely informed me that he had not done so to any extent, adding, "Well, you know, I'm a longshoreman, and av coorse we've been on a strike, and that manes that ivery wan had several drinks a day, so perhaps I did take a little."

After awhile I told him first to hold out his hands, which were shaky. Then I asked him to put out his tongue. This was very tremulous, and I said rather sharply:

"What makes your tongue shake so much if you have not been drinking?"

Looking at me in the most humble manner, he answered without hesitating:

"Well, I don't know, sir, unless it's the modesty of that organ at bein thrust into prominence in the sight of such a foine gintleman." I changed the subject.

WHERE WOMEN RULE.

Refuses to Be Disturbed When the Baby Is Teething.

The messenger came in haste.

"Madam," he said to the president of the board of county commissioners, "your presence is urgently requested"—

"I can't come," she replied promptly.

"I was told to impress upon you," persisted the messenger, "that it was a matter of the greatest importance"—

"I can't come," she repeated sharply.

"The affairs of the county are in a most perilous condition"—

"Let 'em stay in that condition," she interrupted.

"Your signature is needed to various documents that"—

"Send 'em up here, and I'll sign them if I get time."

"You have not been to your office for nearly a week, and"—

"And probably won't be there for another week," she said, with asperity.

"There are at least a dozen men and women who have been there every day to see you on pressing official business that will no longer brook delay."

"It will have to."

In despair the messenger made his last appeal:

"Madam," he said, "owing to your absence the business of the county is practically at a standstill. We will have to close up the building unless some provision is made"—

"Close it," she exclaimed angrily. "Do anything you please with it, but don't bother me when I have more important matters to attend to. The baby is teething, and I shall remain here until the poor little thing feels better."—Chicago Post.

An Embarrassing Reply.

A letter from London gives an amusing account of a dinner tendered by a club of merchants to one of the chief officers of Nasrullah Khan, the Afghan prince who recently visited England. The Londoners were well meaning and hospitable, but they had very little acquaintance with Afghan nobles or with Afghan manners or customs.

Their guest was profoundly courteous, but grave, and apparently did not observe the eager curiosity with which his hosts followed his every motion. When the dinner was over and cigars were lighted, their curiosity found vent in countless questions.

Was he accustomed to the use of forks and napkins? Were the Afghans Moors or negroes? How many wives were they allowed? "In short," one anxious old man demanded, "are your people now in a barbarous or savage condition?"

The Asiatic listened tranquilly and did not speak for some moments. Then he said calmly: "My people have learned the first lesson of civilization. They hold a guest sacred."

He rose, bowed low and took his leave. His hosts, who had erred from ignorance rather than unkindness, remained full of mortification at the unexpected rebuke from the wild man.

The Turn of Napoleon's Fortune.

If there be a time when the turn of Napoleon's fortune is evident, it is the spring of 1808. Between the determination to complete his system of commercial offense in western Europe and the contempt which he entertained for the Spanish throne he fell into a deadly snare—that of despising Spanish nationality. With the first manifestation of national sentiment in Spain began the process which ended in his overthrow. Spain, Prussia and Austria successively became aware that a dynasty is not a nation—that energy, high principle and organizing power reside after all in the people. This consciousness once awakened, the longing for unity grew to be a passion with them, as it had been with France. Their dynasties became the ministers of the popular will, the forces of modern life were set free, and the overthrow of Napoleonic imperialism became only a matter of time.—Professor W. M. Sloane in Century.

Queer.

A recent issue of the London Times contained the following unique advertisement: "Young lady required as governess for one little girl, aged 10. As she has unhappily lost a leg it is considered possible that more sympathy will be shown by a lady in a similar position. Preference, therefore, given to such."

LEARNING VS. CHARM

DOES EDUCATION MAKE A WOMAN LESS ATTRACTIVE?

The Answer Given by Three Experienced Persons Is No—Improving the Mind Has the Same Result With Women as With Men, and Why Shouldn't It?

When an American magazine publishes a Frenchwoman's opinion of her American contemporaries in an article which asserts that the beauty, grace and charm of those whom she calls "the brightest women in the world" are due wholly to nature and are impaired by the influence of mental training, it is natural that discussion should arise. The criticism of American women—on the whole, a friendly one—contributed by Mme. Blanc (Th. Bentzon) to The Forum attempts to show that learning, whether much or little, is a dangerous thing when in the possession of women; that feminine education is a direful influence, and that the woman's college is the deadliest rival of the home.

In order to obtain the opinion of representative American men and women on this interesting topic a World reporter asked a number of prominent persons whether the educated woman was any the less fascinating because of her intellectual advantages.

Mr. J. Wells Champney confessed his utter susceptibility to the charms of the woman who has fostered her mental development. In his view the brainless woman has no chance in modern society. "Do they question the fascination of the educated woman?" he asked amusedly. "There are two facts that indicate my position on this point very clearly. One is that I married a woman who is an A. B., and the other is that my daughter, who is president of her class, will be graduated from Vassar in '96. That shows how I rank the college bred woman, and I am sure that women educated in other ways may be equally fascinating."

Mr. Charles Dudley Warner, who has made a special study of the recent development of the modern woman and whose views on the subject are regarded as authoritative, says:

"If intelligence means anything at all, it means as much for women as for men. The idea that a woman should be less lovely and fascinating because of a cultivated brain is a question which only our modern type of society would be capable of raising. Why, in the sixteenth, seventeenth and eighteenth centuries women were allowed to become as highly educated as they wished, and no one, then or since, has thought them less lovely or lovable. Who indeed would be bold enough to suggest that Mary, queen of Scots, would figure in history in a more charming manner if we were suddenly to find out that she was not, after all, a woman of marked mental attainments, but just a pretty, brainless being, afraid of being considered 'strong minded.' Mental cultivation should never be made a question of sex. What woman at a dinner party would not prefer to sit beside and converse with a man who was highly educated and cultured, and what pretext could a man offer for preferring, under similar circumstances, a woman whose cultivation did not extend to her mind and soul? In what possible way can lack of intellect be regarded as an added feminine charm?

"Of course it sometimes happens that a very dry and uninteresting woman is very well educated, but that is not the fault of her education; she would be even more dry and uninteresting without it. Sometimes, too, it happens that a woman, who has gone in for a 'career' has neglected to acquire charm of manner, but that is equally true of men. A woman of pleasing manners and personal fascination does not become another woman because her brain is well stocked.

"The woman men do not like is the half educated woman who has not assimilated her knowledge and thrusts it upon the public at most inopportune moments in a partly digested condition; who insists upon talking about Herbert Spencer, for example, with ideas of the great philosopher as hazy as the London fogs in which he lived. The higher education of women is as yet an experiment, but a perfectly legitimate one. It should make women more fascinating to men and to each other if regarded as an accompaniment and not a substitute for charm and beauty."

As a rule, it is the college bred woman who is most often branded with that vague term of reproach "unwomanly."

The college graduate was discussed by Mrs. Lyman Abbott as the representative of the modern educated woman.

"Socially," said Mrs. Abbott, "the college graduate, as I have known her, excels and is much more fascinating than the majority of women. And I can see no reason why this should not be so. There is, however, a vast difference between the educated woman and the student. The student is never valuable in society because she is one sided. The woman who has devoted herself exclusively to the absorption of knowledge is not educated in the real sense because she is not able to give anything out. Education is not an end in itself, but should always be for a purpose. Women engaged in study should beware lest she become narrow. This is one of the dangers of the woman's college. The herding together of either men or women makes them careless of social responsibilities. It is for this reason that I advise the introduction of men upon college faculties—men with families, that the girls may not lose touch with the home life. If her education is carefully and properly pursued, however, it will be an inestimable gain to any woman and a means of making her infinitely more fascinating."—New York World.

Ellen Terry In 1861.

Puck was acted by a child, a blond, roguish girl about 10 years old. This was well devised and accords with the traditional ideas of Robin Goodfellow. The costume was well chosen—a dark brownish red garment, trimmed with blood red moss and lichens; a similar crown was on the blond, somewhat disheveled hair; arms thin and bare and as long as though she belonged to the clan Campbell, whose arms reach to the knees.

In theory I am thoroughly agreed with this way of representing Puck, but in practice there will be always great difficulties. This 10-year-old, Miss Ellen Terry, was a downright, intolerable, precocious, genuine English, ill bred, unchildlike child. Nevertheless the impression of her mere appearance is so deep that I cannot now imagine a grown up Puck, with a full neck and round arms. Let me record the way in which, on two occasions when he has to hasten, Puck disappeared. The first time he seemed to stand upon a board which, with one sudden pull, jerked him behind the coulisse; the second time he actually flew like an arrow through the air; both times by machinery.—Theodor Fontaine.

The Time to Sleep.

The truth of the old adage that one hour of sleep before midnight is worth two hours after midnight is questioned by Dr. E. P. Colby, who states that he has made some study of the subject while in the naval service during the war. The ship's company on ship board—officers and men alike—stand four hours' watch day and night, with the interpolation of a dog watch of two hours to change the time of each set of men on successive days. These men are therefore obliged to get their required sleep very irregularly, but in more than two years' observation Dr. Colby could never discover that the watch officers and men were not as fully refreshed by their sleep as were the officers of the ship who were required to stand no watch at all.

Daring.

An expert darner maintains that every garment, whether silk or woolen, is best mended with its own ravelings. If this is carefully done and the darn pressed afterward with a warm iron, the mending will be practically invisible. A small piece of pasteboard held beneath the hole is as great a help as a darning ball when mending a stocking.

The Proper Caper.

Small cakes are no longer in demand at evening parties. Dainty sandwiches have taken their place. Bread is cut very thin and lightly buttered and then spread with raisins, dates or candied cherries that have been chopped fine and moistened with orange juice, sherry or Madeira. Roll and tie with baby ribbons. Lemonade or punch is served with these.

Woman's Sorrow.

As bitter as is the grief experienced when those we love are snatched away by death it is nothing to the torment that many a woman has to endure who lives to see the love she has given to another pall on the recipient and he or she who once responded to her caresses grown cold and careless. That is the sort of pain that lives in women's hearts. A love that dies in life is a sorrow that many have to battle with. Memory and time do not soften the blow. Self pride, clinging, unquestioning devotion, happiness that finds root in a smile, a word, all dashed to the ground through the indifference of one who once cared, or pretended to so skillfully that the artificial and the real seemed one. The waning of human affection is the blow that stings always. Death, stern master though he is, has not the power to touch the heart that centers in his human brother, indifference. Let those who have suffered from the scourge of both be the judges and see if they do not agree that death's dealings are kind in comparison with the hourly, daily pangs meted out by his more cruel confreres.—Philadelphia Times.

A Spacious Frame.

A novel photograph frame that has the merit of accommodating a generous supply can be made of a large palm leaf. One woman with a craze for collecting photographs of celebrities has several. Her method is to select a big leaf with a fringed edge and a big stem. When it is safely at home, she lays it down upon a large table or the floor and marks with a small bowl the position and size of the openings. That done, she cuts them all out with a sharp knife and paints around the edge of each opening a half inch band of paint in any color preferred and finishing it with a narrow one of gold. Against the openings, on the back of the leaf, she lays each picture with care and makes it fast by pasting over it either strong paper or cloth. When all the work is done, she ties a big ribbon bow around the stem and tacks the huge frame upon the wall.

Children's Collections.

Children should be encouraged and aided in making collections of various objects that appeal to them. If they seem to have no interest in any particular subjects, often the mother may lead them to some choice by her own enthusiasm. She may give the child the first shell or plant, butterfly or photograph of some famous person, place or thing. Miss Kingsley, who is telling us a great many interesting things about French art and French artists, says: "I have cared for art all my life. One of my earliest recollections is of my father taking me on his knee and showing me pictures."

Keep This In the Kitchen.

It is sometimes convenient to remember the following items of cooks' measurement:

A pint of liquid equals a pound.
Two gills of liquid make a cupful.
Four teaspoonfuls make a tablespoonful.
Two round tablespoonfuls of flour will weigh an ounce.
Half a pound of butter will make a cup.
Four cups of flour make a pound.
Two cups of granulated sugar make a pound, but in powdered sugar it will take 2½ cups to make a pound.

The Neat Woman.

There is something admirable in a neat woman. It is a quality that will cover many other defects. The New York World gives the following as the characteristics of a neat woman:

Does not scorn to wear a veil in a high wind.
Does not economize on the manicure's services.
Does not neglect the day of small mendings.
Does not regard the pin as a substitute for the needle.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by it use. Large bottles only fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

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Pastor C. P. Church, Clayton, Ark.

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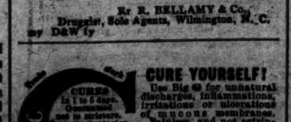

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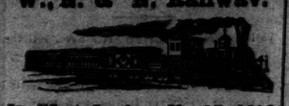

In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
No. 41	No. 43		No. 42	No. 44
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
7 00	2 10	Lv...Kidenry street...Ar	12 05	7 25
9 00		Ar...Jacksonville...Lv	10 00	
11 05	3 55	Lv "	10 45	10 25
11 55	4 30	Lv...Maysville...Lv	9 55	9 15
12 30	4 54	Lv...Pollocksville...Lv	9 20	8 40
1 35	5 31	Ar...Newbern...Lv	8 30	8 10
	P M		A M	

Mon. 6 and 8 mixed trains.
Mon. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Sunday News at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
†Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
‡Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager
my 22 tf

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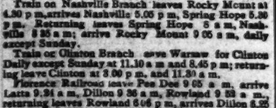

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT Sept. 17, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.09 a m, Warsaw 11.14 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 p m, Wilson 12.32 p m, Rocky Mount 1.35 p m, Tarboro 2.40 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.30 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.00 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.33 a m, Philadelphia 3.40 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 5.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 66—Passenger—Due Magnolia 9.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.32 p m, †Tarboro 7.05 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 p m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.40 a m, Petersburg 3.32 a m, Richmond 5.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.33 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.33 p m, Boston 5.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 1.30 P M No. 85—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.30 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.55 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 3.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 3.15 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.08 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.05 a m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 12.00 p m, Baltimore 3.25 p m, Washington 5.45 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 7.30 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 8.58 p m, Rocky Mount 9.40 a m, leave Wilson 6.15 a m, Goldsboro 7.00 a m, Warsaw 7.51 a m, Magnolia 8.00 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 a m No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m Savannah 12.40 night, Charleston 4.55 a m, Ma-

†Daily ex...
Trains on ...
don 8.55 p m, Hallsa...
5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 ...
turning, leaves Kinston 7 30 a m.
Arriving Halifax at 1...0 a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 6.00 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.50 a m and 3 40 p m; returning leave Parmele 9.30 a m and 6 20 p m, arrives Washington 11 35 a m and 7.10 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.40 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 00 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, 7 50 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.20 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 5 a m, Nashville 5 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 8.45 p m; returning leave Clinton at 2 00 p m, and 11.30 a m.

Pierces Ferry leave Pee Dee 6 05 a m, arrive Latta 9.24 a m, Dillon 9 36 a m, Rowland 9 53 a m; returning leaves Rowland 6 06 p m, arrives Dillon 6.25 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.56 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.25 p m; leave Conway 3 20 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Charaw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8 05 a m, 9 40 a m and 7 45 p m, arrive Darlington 9 05 a m, 10 30 a m and 9 15 p m, leave Darlington 9 31 a m and 10 40 a m, arrive Cheraw 10 40 a m and 12 30 p m, leave Cheraw 12 45 p m, arrive Wadesboro 1 25 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 3 p m, arrive Cheraw 4 50 p m, leave Cheraw 4 50 p m and 5 50 p m, arrive Darlington 7 p m and 6 37 p m. Leave Darlington 7 30 p m, 6 32 and 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8.33 p m, 7 p m and 8 15 a m. Daily except Sunday. Sunday trains leave Floyds 7 30 a m, Darlington 9 05 a m, arrive Florence 9 10 a m. Returning leave Florence 5 a m, Darlington 9 30 a m, arrive Floyds 9 40 a m. Trains leave Gibson 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m. Sumter 8 25 a m. Returning, leave Sumter 6 40 p m, Darlington 6 15 p m, arrive Bennettsville 9 00 p m, Gibson 9 35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 00 p m, Manning 6.36 p m, arrive Lane's 7 12 p m, leave Lanes 8.34 a m, Manning 9.10 a m, arrive Sumter 9.50 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 2 p m, 5 p m, arrive Lanes 3.35 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.10 p m, 11.10 p m, arrive Selma 3.03 p m, Smithfield 3.56 p m, Dunn 4.30 p m, Fayetteville 6.05 p m, 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.06 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.55 a m, Fayetteville 11.10 a m, 6.40 p m, Dunn 11.49 a m, Smithfield 12.37 p m, Selma 13.54 p m, arrive Wilson 1.50 p m, 11.35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4.18 a m, Creston 5 2 p m, arrive Denmark 6.50 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4.17 p m, Creston 5 16 p m, Sumter 6 05 p m Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9 15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.16 a m and 7.15 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.15 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6 05 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.35 a m and 4.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Asst Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. sep 27 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

[Time Table.]

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST.		STATIONS.	GOING WEST.	
3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.			4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	2 20	Goldsboro	11 20	.....
.....	4 12	Kinston	10 22	.....
5 35	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 30
6 17	6 40	Morehead City	8 0	8 17
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 25 a m, and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p m, and with W. M. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 2 00 p m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 5.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.
ma 27 tf

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit

At Your Own Price

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 14

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat and Corn Active and Higher—Pork Products Closed With a Decline in Prices.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, October 13.—It was more than a surprise to even the most sanguine bull to find the price of wheat on the curb this morning from 1⅛ to 1⅜c higher than it was when he went home yesterday. The buoyancy extended to the regular market, and opening prices were still a little better than the unofficial ones. The one topic of discussion, as well as of speculative properties, was the demand from India and Australia for cargoes at San Francisco. The information on the crop from the latter country was also calculated to inspire confidence in the advance. Compared with these considerations everything else bore the stamp of importance. The tone of the market was invariably firm to strong, and the greater part of the appreciation was well sustained throughout. December wheat opened from 70⅛ to 70⅜c, sold between 70⅛ and 70⅞c, closing at 70⅛@70⅜c, 1⅛@1⅜c higher than yesterday. Cash was 1⅜c higher.

Corn was scarcely less active than wheat at the opening to-day; stimulated by the strength of Liverpool cables an advance of 1d being reported at that place, and by the buoyancy of wheat, prices started in at a material gain over yesterday's close, maintaining the tone of firmness subsequently. The large charters at this place recently and the demand from abroad tend to encourage traders. May corn opened from 28⅛@28⅜c, advanced to 28⅜c, closing at 28⅜c—⅜c higher than yesterday. Cash corn was quoted at ⅛@1c higher than yesterday.

Oats—The booming propensity of wheat and corn was not without influence on oats. May oats closed ⅜c higher than yesterday. Cash oats advanced ⅛@⅜c.

Provisions—The bull fever was on in provisions, too, this morning. Prices were again higher, and that, with soaring inclinations of grains, afforded the necessary motive for better things in the product. Late in the session a receding movement set in, and everything receded. January pork and lard each closed 5c under yesterday, and January ribs 2½c lower.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

President Cleveland—A Cabinet Meeting—Treasury Gold Reserve—Coinage of Silver Dollars.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—President Cleveland and his official advisors were in Cabinet session for an hour and a half to-day discussing topics to be considered in the annual reports of the Executive officers, and in the President's message. All the Cabinet officers were present except Secretary Carlisle, who is in the city, but is busily engaged in the preparation of some campaign speeches to be delivered in Kentucky. Secretary Francis, of the Interior Department, attended to-day his first Cabinet meeting and was warmly welcomed by his associates.

The Treasury gold reserve decli[illegible] to-day to $123,780,782. The d[illegible] drawals at New York we[illegible] During the month [illegible] the mints of th[illegible] from silver [illegible] der th[illegible] [illegible] containing 2,088,888.51 ounces of pure silver, the cost of which was $1,862,671, giving a seignorage or profit of $837,829 to the Government which sums has been deposited in the Treasury.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York's Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 13.—The *Sun* says: Spot cotton here advanced 1-16c; middling uplands 8c. The exports from the ports were 16,829 bales. Futures here advanced three to five points, lost this, but rallied and advanced six to ten points, closing steady at a net advance of three to seven points, with sales of 193 400 bales.

The sentiment to-day was generally bullish and prices advanced. The trading was moderately active and the fluctuations in prices were frequent and at times sharp. The pool advanced both for futures and spots and buying orders were received from that market, but the speculation was in the main of a local nature. Shorts covered and assisted the rise. There was a reaction at one time, but prices rallied subsequently and advanced again. Silver declined, but this had little influence. Reports of damage to the crop in India contributed to strengthen the tone.

DESPERADOES KILLED

In a Fight With a Posse in Indian Territory.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FORT SMITH, ARK., October 13.—In a fight between a posse, headed by Marshal Heck Thomas, and the Green gang of outlaws at Colleght last night, two of the outlaws were killed and the others escaped. The dead men are: Jim Green and his brother. They were members of one of the worst gangs of desperadoes in the Indian Territory. The Green gang have been actively on the road for three months and their coolness and skill in robberies gave rise to the belief that they were in many hold-ups charged to the Cook-gang. Last night Green and his gang road into Ooleigh, forty miles west of Fort Smith, for the purpose of robbing the town, but encountered Heck Thomas and party and a fight followed, which proved most disastrous to them. Thomas is the man who ran Bill Doolin to earth.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 13.—Spirits turpentine firmer at 29½@30c. Rosin firm; good demand; strained common to good $1 77½@1 80.

SAVANNAH, October 13.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26⅜c; sales 858 casks; receipts 1,717 casks. Rosin firm; sales 4,000 barrels, receipts 5,291 barrels; A, B, C, D, $1 50, E F $1 55, G, H, I $1 60 K $1 65, M $1 85, N $2 05, W G $2 15, W W $2 40.

CHARLESTON, October 13.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 26c; sales — bales. Rosin firm; sales — barrels; prices: A, B $1 30@1 35, C, D $1 35, E, F $1 40@1 45, G $1 45@1 50, H $1 50@1 55, I $1 55@1 60, K $1 55@1 60, M $1 60@1 65, N $1 80@1 85, W G $1 95@2 00, W W $2 15@2 20.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

BRYAN IN MINNESOTA.

THIRTEEN SPEECHES AND TWO HUNDRED MILES TRAVELLED.

The Campaigning Record of the Day—A Little Slice of Wisconsin Included—Enthusiastic Receptions at All Points—He Will Speak To-day in Wisconsin and the Northern Part of Michigan.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. CLOUD, MINN., October 13.—Bright, sunshiny weather, after two days' rest, made William J. Bryan feel in fine fettle when he started out campaigning this morning. His special car, "Idler," left Minneapolis at 8 o'clock behind a fast locomotive. Mr. Bryan's party consisted of Mr. and Mrs. Bryan, Congressman Charles A. Towne, who is a candidate for re-election on the fusion ticket; ex-Congressman J. R. Williams, of Illinois; John W. Tomlinson, of Alabama; J. G. Hayter, candidate for the Legislature, and Mrs. Hayter and T. T. Hudson.

Mr. Bryan's objective point to-day is Duluth, and the route taken from Minneapolis for that place was the Northern Pacific. Anoka was the first stop. It was reached shortly after 9 o'clock. Several hundred people there heard a little speech from the candidate.

Cheers for McKinley were pretty frequent at Elk River, the next halting place. They came from a group of men gathered on the edge of the crowd. It became a battle for lung supremacy between the Bryanites and McKinleyites, and the contest had not been decided when the train drew out. A smaller crowd greeted Mr. Bryan at Big Lake.

Fur coats that were so plentiful in the crowds addressed by Mr. Bryan in North Dakota, South Dakota and parts of this State last week were not to be seen in the audience of 5,000 people addressed by the Democratic candidate at St. Cloud, the little lumbering center on the banks of the Mississippi. They were not needed, for the sun shone strong and bright, and not a cloud was in the sky. Mr. and Mrs. Bryan, with their travelling party, were taken into the town park, where the people were gathered. The candidate was received with enthusiasm when Mr. W. P. Remer, one of the delegates to the Chicago convention, introduced him. Mr. Bryan spoke of the importance of the money question, and said that this campaign had witnessed such a revolution in politics as had not been seen since the years just preceding the war.

He continued: "I think Prince Bismarck a year ago gave expression to a very important sentiment. Speaking to the farmers of Germany, he said: 'The farmers must stand together and protect themselves from the drones of society, who produce nothing but laws.' You divide society into two classes. On the one side put the producer of wealth, and on the other side put the non-producer, and you will find that the non-producer produces more law in this country than the producers of wealth. (Applause.) There is such a thing as a legislative plow. The legislative plow turns deeper, turns out more ground, is operated at less expense, and raises crops less injured by floods and drought than any other plow that was ever put into the ground. (Laughter.) Just as long as the financiers are allowed to run the legislative plow while you keep at work following the old mold-board, you will never meet them at the Summer resorts.

"My friends, the success of the Chicago ticket does no[illegible] man who wants a [illegible] en- [illegible] from [illegible] financial policy [illegible] Bryan was interrupted [illegible] the crowd who shouted, "Hurrah for England." Mr. Bryan quickly added: "There's the first Republican that I have seen this morning. (Laughter and a voice: Let us have a magnifying glass so we can find him.")

"Well, I am glad that there are a few of them left, because you know that is a curiosity that must always be satisfied and the men who stand on the Republican platform are getting to be so few that they will draw a high price when they are wanted for the museum." (Laughter and cheers).

Mr. Bryan spoke of the necessity of having a Congress that would send a free silver bill to the President, and commended Congressman Towne as being a safe man to send to Congress.

Congressman Towne followed Mr. Bryan briefly. On the conclusion of his speech the whole party returned to the special train, which pulled out at 11.05. The stop in St. Cloud lasted fifty minutes. Fifteen more were spent by Mr. Bryan at Little Falls. It was exactly noon when the train came to a standstill a hundred feet from a temporary stand, about which a thousand people and numerous vehicles were gathered. Judge Shaw a local attorney, presented Mr. Bryan, who spoke until the warning whistle blew from the locomotive.

Mr. Bryan said: "Some time I find persons who are in the condition of a gentleman down in Nebraska. A lady down there said she had a brother who was a gold man without any gold. You talk to a Republican about bimetallism and he will tell you he is just as good a bimetallist as anybody; but you look at the color of the paper they print their badge on, and you will find that it is yellow. (Laughter.) When you find a man who talks about loving both metals and votes for the platform adopted at St. Louis you will find a man whose yellow comes out on all occasions. But most of them are in the condition of the gold man in Nebraska. This lady said she could understand how a man could be a gold man, if he had gold, but she could only pity the man who was a gold man when he did not have any.

DULUTH, MINN., October 13.—Five stops were made by the Bryan special between Little Falls and Duluth, and five more speeches were added to the several hundred the Democratic candidate has made in the campaign. For the sizes of the places where the train halted, the crowds that turned out to see Mr. Bryan were of fair proportions. That at Staples numbered 800; at Brainerd, 2,000; at Aiken, 500; Carleton, 500, and West Superior, 1,000. No stop was made at Motley, but the train was slowed down to enable about a hundred people at the station there to see the nominee and Mrs. Bryan. McKinley badges of yellow ribbon were noticeable at several places, particularly so at Brainerd, and Mr. Bryan made some comments on their use. "I do not know what arguments are most familiarly advanced here against free coinage," he said. ("Coercion" shouted some one.) "I was going to say that coercion was the argument that is being resorted to now by our Republican friends more than any other argument."

Continued the nominee: "But here is one advantage about the voting in the States where they have the Australian ballot, and that is that while a man wears a badge in order to save his employment he has a right to use his vote in order to save his country. I do not find it in my heart to criticise the man who wears the Republican badge under compulsion. These are hard times, and they will be harder than this if the gold standard continues, and I do not wonder that the man who has a job does not like to risk having the job taken away from him because he insists upon being an American citizen. (Applause.) But I do rejoice that the laboring men of this country were instrumental in getting an Australian ballot to protect them in just such a crisis as we are passing through. The Australian ballot is our salvation in this campaign. Without it we could hardly hope for victory. The Australian ballot is the protection of the American workingmen and tyranny waits outside while he goes in to vote. Some one has said that a man wears the Republican badge to save his employment he votes for free silver to make his job worth saving.

West Superior, Wis., turned out the biggest crowd of the day. It numbered in the neighborhood of ten thousand people, and the throng was so thick about the stand from which Mr. Bryan spoke that the greatest physical effort on the part of the police was necessary to get the candidate and his wife through. While Mr. Bryan was speaking somebody said: "How about Sickles?" referring to Gen. Daniel Sickles, of New York, who bolted the Tammany endorsement of Bryan and Sewall and recently made a speech at Duluth in favor of McKinley. "For every old soldier we lose," responded Mr. Bryan, "we gain a dozen." (Cheers from the crowd followed.)

Thirteen speeches and 200 miles of round-about travel throughout Minnesota, with a little slice of Wisconsin included, was W. J. Bryan's campaining record of to-day.

Anoka, Elk River at Big Lake, St. Cloud, Rices, Littlepalls, Staples, Brainerd, Arlken, Carlton and West Superior were the places where the nominee and party stopped long enough to enable him to make addresses.

To-morrow will be devoted by Bryan to campaigning in Wisconsin and the Northern Peninsula of Michigan.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

Chairman Jones' Forecast of the Vote for Candidates in the Electoral College.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, October 13.—Senator Jones, of the Democratic National Committee, characterized the table of the probable electoral vote, as given out last night by Senator Quay, as a "gigantic bluff." The chairman pointed out that of all the States classed by Senator Quay as doubtful, only Tennessee and Virginia have not complete fusion of Democrats, Populists and silver Republicans. The Senator also stated that of the States classed for McKinley, there was complete fusion of all the silver forces in the following: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, North Dakota, Ohio, West Virginia and Wisconsin. In thirty-two States altogether, complete fusion had been effected of all the forces opposed to the gold standard.

Chairman Jones gave out the following table, showing the votes of the respective candidates in the electoral college:

	Bryan Vote.	McKinley Vote.	Doubtful.
Alabama	11	—	—
Arkansas	8	—	—
California	9	—	—
Colorado	4	—	—
Connecticut	—	6	—
Delaware	—	—	6
Florida	4	—	—
Georgia	13	—	—
Idaho	3	—	—
Illinois	24	—	—
Indiana	15	—	—
Iowa	—	—	13
Kansas	10	—	—
Kentucky	13	—	—
Louisiana	8	—	—
Maine	—	6	—
Maryland	8	—	—
Massachusetts	—	15	—
Michigan	14	—	—
Minnesota	9	—	—
Mississippi	9	—	—
Missouri	17	—	—
Montana	3	—	—
Nebraska	8	—	—
Nevada	3	—	—
New Hampshire	—	4	—
New Jersey	—	10	—
New York	—	—	36
North Carolina	11	—	—
North Dakota	3	—	—
Ohio	—	—	23
Oregon	4	—	—
Pennsylvania	—	32	—
Rhode Island	—	4	—
South Carolina	9	—	—
South Dakota	4	—	—
Tennessee	12	—	—
Texas	15	—	—
Utah	3	—	—
Vermont	—	4	—
Virginia	12	—	—
Washington	4	—	—
West Virginia	6	—	—
Wisconsin	—	—	12
Wyoming	3	—	—
Total	279	81	87

Senator Jones added that thousands of Democrats in Connecticut and New Jersey had informed him those States would cast their vote for Bryan, while the Democrats of Iowa looked upon that State as safe for Bryan by a large majority.

CHICAGO CONFERENCE

Of the National Executive Committee of the Populists—Senator Marion Butler Says No Effort Will Be Made to Take Watson Off the National Ticket.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, October 13.—The National Executive Committee of the People's party met here to-day at 11 o'clock; Senator Marion Butler, of North Carolina, presiding.

The conference adjourned at 1.20 o'clock, and Senator Butler informed a reporter that the business of the meeting had been confined to a discussion of fusion plans in Kansas and Colorado, which he hoped to bring to a successful end before night.

Senator Butler was enthusiastic over the outlook. He said Illinois was not needed for Mr. Bryan, as he was assured of Indiana, Iowa, the solid South and the West. Maryland, Delaware and Virginia, he declared, are certain, and Kentucky is like Texas.

As regards Watson, Senator Butler said his name had not been mentioned. No effort will be made to take him off the ticket, nor has any such attempt been thought of. Not one word will be said and not a single step will be taken which would in any way tend to embarrass the candidacy of Bryan.

Those present at the conference were John W. Breidenthal, of Kansas; Congressman Bell, of Colorado; Dr. Taylor, of Philadelphia, treasurer of the committee; Mr. Rankin, of Terre Haute; Geo. F. Washburn, of Massachusetts, in charge of the Chicago Populist headquarters, and U. E. Taubeneck. Other members are expected.

INDIGNATION MEETINGS.

People of St. Louis Condemn Crawford, the Merchant Who Discharged Employes for Supporting Free Silver.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, October 13.—An indignation meeting to express the sentiment of people of all classes on the act of Dugald Crawford, the merchant who discharged twelve of his employes for supporting free silver, filled the Orienta Theater to-night to overflowing.

An overflow meeting was also held that filled Seventeenth street from curb to curb. Strong resolutions condemning Crawford were adopted.

To-day a warrant was applied for, charging Crawford with breach of a law which provides a punishment of two years in the penitentiary.

DON'T WORRY about your health. Keep your blood pure by taking Hoods Sarsaparilla and you need not fear the grip, colds, bronchitis, pneumonia or typhoid fever.

HOOD'S PILLS are the favorite family cathartic, easy to take, easy to operate. †

WAVES WILD WORK.

RAVAGES OF THE STORM ON THE ATLANTIC COAST.

Cobb Island, On the Coast of Virginia, Entirely Submerged—Hotel and Other Buildings Demolished—Terrible Experience of Coastwise Steamers—Anxiety For Vessels Over Due.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CAPE CHARLES, VA., October 13.—A special messenger from Cobb's Island this afternoon brought information that Cobb's Island was entirely submerged yesterday at high tide. The hotel was entirely demolished and partly washed to sea. The only buildings remaining are the Life Savings station, a cottage belonging to Mr. Ashby Jones, of Richmond, Va., and a cottage belonging to Thos. Smith. With the exception of these three, all buildings were demolished or washed away. Mr. Smith's cottage was built by Rev. Thomas Dixon, Jr., of New York, about three years ago. The beach has washed so that an ordinary tide now washes over the island. Nearly all of the inhabitants of the island have left. No lives were lost. Cobb's Island has been a famous summer resort for forty years. Nothing has yet been heard from Hog Island, where it is feared serious damage has been done.

RICHMOND, VA., October 13.—Passengers from the Old Dominion, of the Old Dominion Line, arrived in this city shortly before noon to day, having been sent by rail over the Chesapeake & Ohio from Newport News.

They tell a story of hard experience on the sea since leaving New York Saturday afternoon. Three hours after leaving New York a stiff northeast wind arose and soon developed into a fearful gale, and the experience of the crew and passengers until last night was something they never want to go through again. One of the passengers was William M. Lathrop, editor of the Carbondale (Pa) *Leader*, and he to-day told the following story to a reporter of the Southern Associated Press, "The passengers behaved well, though badly frightened, until about midnight Saturday, when the rudder chain snapped, leaving the boat without guiding power for many minutes. Of that moment, Captain Blakeman said afterward: 'I would not have given ten cents for all the lives on the boat at that time.'

"When after a terrible experience in the wind and overlapping waves the rudder chain was repaired and the boat rigged, the hopeless passengers took some new courage, but an hour later, when it broke again, every one, if the truth be told, gave up completely.

"One passenger tried to borrow a revolver with which to shoot himself and another offered all his property to any one who would guarantee him safely in port. No one took his offer, however, and he still has his property."

Mr. Lathrop, said Captain Blakeman, declared it was his worst experience in twenty-seven years life on the sea and no one found it hard to believe that he was not exaggerating.

NORFOLK, VA., October 13.—Lieut. Campbell, superintendent of this Life Saving district, went to Virginia Beach to-day to inspect the Life Saving station south of Cape Henry. He could get no further than Seatack station, which is just north of the cottages at Virginia Beach. Not even Damneck station, two and a half miles south of the Princess Anne Hotel, could be reached, Rudy Inlet, lying between, being a raging torrent. The keeper at the station, however, had succeeded in reaching the beach, and he states that the boat house at Damneck is submerged and that the fishermen living thereabouts had to fly with their families to the woods to escape the surf, which made huge inroads on the beach, washing it clear of sand and exposing the clay underneath. The storm was the heaviest since 1847. The wires at Hatteras have not yet been repaired.

CHARLESTON, S. C., October 13.—The steamship Comanche, Capt. T. W. Pennington, left New York Saturday afternoon and arrived here this morning. She ran into the hurricane Saturday at midnight off the Cape of Delaware. The gale steadily increased, changing east-northeast to northeast. Sunday 9.30 a.m., tremendous seas rolling east. She hove-to Cape Henry bearing west forty-seven miles distant, wind blowing terribly; lay-to until 7 a. m., Monday seventy miles from Cape Henry, gale shifted to north-northwest, when she wore away for Charleston. The passengers behaved admirably. Resolutions were adopted complimenting the courage and skill of Captain Pennington and officers. The captain reports the highest seas experienced during more than forty years' sea service. On the 12th, thirty-four miles north of Bodie's Island, passed a wrecked schooner. A steamship, apparently one of the Morgan Line, was rescuing the crew.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Owing to the storm several passenger and freight steamers bound to and from this port are overdue. The steamship most overdue is the Seminole, of the Clyde Line. She left Charleston, S. C., last Friday at 1 o'clock in the afternoon and ought to have arrived here Sunday evening last. Up to 10 o'clock to-day she had not been sighted and nothing heard from her. The Seminole carries passengers and a general cargo. At the offices of the Clyde Line it was said to-day that the officials of the line did not think that the steamer had met with any serious mishap. They thought she had probably put in somewhere to avoid the fury of the storm and would no doubt arrive at this port in safety.

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Proceedings in Appeal for the Injunction Restraining Rate-Cutting.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., October 13.—Proceedings have been begun by the Seaboard Air Line to appeal from the injunction granted by Judge Emory Speer, restraining the roads in this territory from cutting rates. Messrs. King & Spalding, attorneys for the Seaboard, have notified the other roads enjoined that an appeal would be taken direct to the Circuit Court of Appeals at New Orleans. There will be no hearing before Judge Speer.

FUSION IN INDIANA

Democrats and Populists Unite on the Electoral Ticket.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., October 13.—The silver Democratic managers yesterday surrendered to the Populist proposition for fusion and accepted the combination ticket for electors put up by the Populist committee two weeks ago, withdrawing five of their own electors. The ticket consists of ten Democrats and five Populists. The Populist State ticket remains in the field.

A St. Paul, Minn., dispatch says the Democratic Congressional Convention held there yesterday, endorsed Francis H. Clarke, the fusion candidate. This completes fusion in that State on candidates for all offices.

That Joyful Feeling

With the exhilarating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of Figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old-time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well-informed.

WARM WIRELETS.

Treasury Balances: Coin, $126,898,492; currency, $59,369,498.

A dispatch from Havana says the sick and wounded among the Spanish soldiers on the island of Cuba number 4,200.

The Paris *Figaro* says that the Council of State had decided to refuse the extradition of F. J. P. Tynan, the alleged dynamite conspirator, to England.

Notice was posted yesterday in the American Waltham Watch Factory that on October 15, and until further notice, the factory will run fifty hours a week.

Hon. Joshua Levering, of Baltimore, the Prohibition candidate for the Presidency, spoke in Richmond, Va., last night, to quite a large crowd. He left later for North Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Castle, of San Francisco, under arrest at Liverpool, Eng., have been released under bail of 40,000 pounds, pending their arraignment next week.

The fire at Great Barrington, Mass., Monday destroyed most of the business portion of the town. Some estimate the extent of the damage at $300,000, and others at a much higher figure.

A dispatch from Atlanta, Ga., says: W. H Peek, the Populist nominee for Congress in this district, refuses to withdraw in favor of the Republican candidate, and there will be no fusion.

The Norfolk and New Brunswick Hosiery Company, which suspended indefinitely a month ago because, as it was said by the officials, of the uncertainty of the present outlook, resumed operations yesterday.

The United States steamship Newark arrived at Tybee, Ga., yesterday from the coast of Florida, and proceeded to Port Royal, where she will remain a few days before sailing for Hampton Roads.

The National Athletic Club of San Francisco has deposited a forfeit of $5,000 to bind its offer of a $10,000 purse for a finish fight for the world's heavy-weight championship between James J. Corbett and Thomas Sharkey. Every demand of Corbett having been conceded, it is difficult to see how he can avoid meeting Sharkey there.

TIES OF BROTHERHOOD.

They Are Often Very Irksome, Says Novelist W. D. Howells.

Perhaps one reason why people dislike the notion of human brotherhood so much is because the ties of kindred are often made so irksome. Society holds you to account for your brother's behavior and even for his character, as if you had invented it, or at least favored it, and his children can bring your children to shame by their misconduct, though they may never have seen one another.

It is hardly enough, on the other hand, that you receive a sort of reflected glory from your brother's excellence or celebrity; you are then expected to live up to him and that may be another hardship if you have not his talent or temperament.

You feel that you are fitly answerable for your son, in a measure, though his great-grandfather on the other side, if he could be got at, might sometimes be much more justly made to suffer; but you do not feel that you are fitly answerable for your brother and you feel that it is cruel of society to hold you so. If he is stupid or tiresome, people will shrink from you as if you partook of his character because you partake of his origin. Often you do partake of his character. Brothers are often alike, but often they are intensely unlike in tastes, habits, manners, dispositions, temperaments. Often you shall be truly the brother of a man whom you have met rather late in life and whom you like because he is of kindred nature, while in your heart you may fail to like the brother who is merely of kindred origin. Yet if one allowed the brother of one's blood to come to want or disgrace, society would hold one infamous. If it were the brother of one's soul, society would have nothing to say.—W. D. Howells in Century.

His Highness Hunting Tigers.

Great is the prowess of the Indian native sportsman. The Times of India prints, "just as it reached us," a lurid story of a tiger hunt, in which the chief figure was his highness Maharajah Shri Sir Kesarisinji, K. C. S. I., of Edar. After describing the eight mile tramp out of Edar the trumpeter of his highness thus delivers his soul:

"Just as the sun was on the point of being down the signal was given to challenge the tiger to come out of his den. Majestically, though furious and irritated, the tiger walked out of his den, and, with a loud thunder, responded. He surveyed the surroundings at a glance and made his way straight up to the direction where his highness was, as if he scented beforehand at whose hands he was to meet his due. Fury begot fury and courage. Up drew his highness the trigger. To level the gun and take aim was an instant's work on the part of his highness. Boom! went the gun, and the object of the aim was turned into a dead body with a heavy fall."

Shouts of joy, we are told, went up. What a remarkably discriminating tiger this was! Scorning the bodies of the beaters, he went straight toward his highness to meet his fate. "Up drew his highness the trigger" and up has gone his highness' reputation in India as a prince who can shoot.—St. James Gazette.

What "Hamir" Meant.

Though the Scottish guard of France had long lost its natural character, it jealously retained until the crash of 1789 all its curious old privileges, which, though they led to constant wrangles with other regiments, had been duly allowed by Louis XIV. He was actually obliged to intervene at his own wedding to compose a dispute as to the precedence of the Scots guards and the Cent gentilshommes. "Proud as a Scotchman" was an old proverb in France, and their successors in the bodyguard did their best to justify it. But the most curious survival, long after a word of Scotch had been heard in the corps, was the practice of answering "hamir" (a corruption for I am here) when the roll was called, which was religiously maintained, at all events, down to the revolution.—Macmillan's Magazine.

Hit the Mark.

The other day an Inquirer reporter had occasion to use the elevator at a Chestnut street music store. It was one of the slow going sort and the reporter during the long journey upward casually remarked to the colored specimen of the genus small boy who ran it, "This isn't a lightning elevator, is it?" Without hesitation and giving no indication that he knew a joke was being cranked the boy responded, "I dunno, boss; she is run by 'lectricity." And he looked genuinely surprised at the audible smiles which followed close upon his remark.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Over It.

The aeronaut looked down on the fleecy clouds.

"Somehow I don't feel right today," he soliloquized. "If I were anywhere else than here I would have the idea that I was under the weather."—Indianapolis Journal.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Fresh Ground Graham Flour, Meal, Pearl Hominy, Flour, etc. Grain, Hay and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Telephone 92. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. oct 9 tf

I offer to Discount any Price Lists for Groceries sent out by any other merchant by giving 5 cents worth more on their dollar off. If you don't believe it call on C. D. Jacobs, 210½ North Front street. oct 6 tf

The Dairy Restaurant No. 25 Market street is now open. Table first class. Open from 6 a. m. until 10 p. m. Give us a call. aug 15 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

Market Street,

BREAKING ALL RECORDS,

both in prices and sales.

Last Week's Wonderful

TRADE AGAIN DEMONSTRATE

That Wilmington Recognizes Value.

AND NOW FOR ANOTHER WEEK.

New Goods,

Novelties and Staples

AT PRICES

Absolutely Unparalleled.

Space will not permit us to quote prices, so we ask one and all to call and see for yourselves.

Taylor's Bazaar,

No. 118 Market St.

oct 11 tf

Report

OF THE CONDITION OF THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK at Wilmington, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business October 6th, 1896:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$445,843 28
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		4 73
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		45,750 00
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures		10,000 00
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)	$ 71,048 78	
Due from State Banks and Bankers	64,411 18	
Due from approved reserve agents	189,086 65	
Checks and other cash items	145 90	
Notes of other Nation'l Banks	320 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	466 30	
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:		
Specie	$67,480 50	
Legal-tender notes	38,734 00—106,214 50	
Redemption fund with U. S. Treas'r (5 per cent. of circulation)	2,058 50—388,741 81	
Total		$883,339 81

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock in		$125,000 00
Surplus fund		45,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		8,163 68
National Bank notes outstanding		41,170 00
Due to other National Banks	$ 31,647 63	
Due to State Banks and Bankers	78,035 39	
Dividends unpaid	51 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	546,018 36	
Certified checks	15 03	
Cashier's checks outstanding	10,239 78—666,007 19	
Total		$883,339 81

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover, ss: I, W. J. Toomer, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of October, 1896. F. R. HAWES, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: WM. E. SPRINGER, C. W. WORTH, J. W. NORWOOD, Directors.

oct 10 tf

CANDY.

125 Boxes CANDY.
100 Pails CANDY.
800 Barrels FLOUR.
900 Bags FLOUR.
100 Barrels APPLES.
125 Boxes CAKES.
75 Boxes RAISINS.
100 Barrels MULLETS.
75 Cases TOMATOES.

W. B. COOPER,

oct 11 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Combination Bicycle

FOR SALE.

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at STAR OFFICE.

ap 7 tf

Wilmington's Big Racket Store

PRICE LIST:

- ⅞ yard wide Burlington white Homespun at 3½c.
- 1 yard wide household Sea Island at 5c.
- Pee Dee Plaids at 4½c.
- Dress Ginghams in Plaids, a job, at 4c.
- 500 yards of fine Zephyr Ginghams, worth 10c, at 6c.
- All Styles of Calicoes at 5c.
- Best Blue Indigo Prints at 5c.
- Best and widest fine Apron Checked Ginghams at 5c.
- 27 inches wide Outing, in dark colors, 5c.
- Very fine heavy weight and new styles, 8c
- 1 yard wide nice Bleaching at 5c.
- 1 yard wide Palmer Mills at 6c.
- 1 yard Lonsdale, special this week, 9c.
- Fruit of the Loom at 7½c, 1 yard wide.
- 30 inches wide extra heavy Cheviot at 7c.
- Canton Flannel in bleached at 6, 7 & 8c.
- Unbleached Canton Flannel, twilled extra heavy, at 8c, worth 10c; a special job.
- All grades of Red Flannel, twilled at 15, 18, 20, 25c up to 65c per yard.
- White, very pretty, at 15, 20, 25 up to 65c.
- Double faced white Canton Flannel, 6c.
- Heavy Drawers Drilling at 7c, worth 11c.
- Danish Cloth, all colors, at 10c.
- Worsteds at 10c, double-fold, 36 inches wide.
- Cassimere, assorted colors, at 15c, a special job.
- Fine new style rough Dress Goods, assorted colors, 34 inches wide, at 15c.
- Fine novelties in Wool Dress Goods, 36 inches wide, regular price 35c, our special price 25c; assorted colors and all shades.
- Fine Cassimeres, all wool, at 25, 35c up to 45c.
- A very fine Black Henrietta, strictly all wool, 54 inches wide, at 65c, regular worth $1.00.
- Morhair and Brilliantines, 36 inches, in plain and figured at 19 and 25c; better, 40 inches, at 35 and 45c: extra beautiful styles, at 50, 60 and 65c per yard.
- A very fine black Novelty Goods, 54 inches wide, a beautiful style, at 65c per yard.
- Men's Suits in ½ wool, blue, at $3.50.
- Men's Suits in gray and black at $3.75.
- Men's better Suits in assorted colors, at $5 00, 6.00 and 7.00.
- Men's very fine nice Clay Worsted Suits in sack cuts, at $8.00, and cutaway styles at $ 50, all wool, very pretty.
- Men's very fine black Clay Worsted at $10.00 and 12.50 a Suit.

Come to see us and bring this adv. and make us toe the mark. We are at 112 North Front street, opposite the Orton Hotel

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.
Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

oct 11 tf

WE ARE RECEIVING DAILY

Our New Fall and Winter Stock of

Dress Goods and Carpets.

OUR CARPET STOCK

THE MOST COMPLETE EVER SHOWN IN THIS CITY.

Special attention paid to making and laying Carpets, &c.

Do not fail to visit us on WINDOW SHADES. Made to order at short notice.

The Only House Showing New Dress Goods This Week.

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

Successors to Katz & Polvogt,

No. 9 North Front St.

sep 20 tf

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES "THE PEACE MAKERS"

WE HAVE A LINE OF THE ABOVE

CELEBRATED STOVES.

Will guarantee them to be the finest goods on the market. Only porcelain lined ovens made that will stand.

The Heating Stoves are just superb. All we ask is an examination of the goods.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.,

SOLE AGENTS,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. oct 7 tf

NOW ON DRAUGHT AND IN BOTTLES.

FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DEALERS.

PURE HOPS AND MALT

LAGER BEER,

Brewed by our new Master Brewer, Mr. P. V. D. Westelaken, a graduate of the U. S. Brewers' Academy, N. Y., and Lehmann's Brewing Academy in Worms, Germany, and of ten years' practical experience in the leading Breweries of the United States and Germany.

Mr. Westelaken was instructed to make a

Fine Beer

regardless of expense in material and production. We now ask the public to judge of the result.

ROBERT PORTNER BREWING CO., OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.
OTTO BANCK, Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

oct 7 tf

PETERSON & RULFS

BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT THEIR STOCK OF

FALL AND WINTER SHOES

Is ready for inspection. Great care was taken in selecting our

SCHOOL SHOES,

and special attention will be given in fitting the little folks. Give us a trial and we will please you in style, quality and price.

PETERSON & RULFS,

sep 20 tf The Shoemen, 7 North Front Street.

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oct 6 tu th sa